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FOR NUCLEAR PHYSICS

Beta-decay of highly-charged ions

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Seminar on „Aktuelle Probleme der Beschleuniger- und angewandten Schwerionenphysik“

Institut für Angewandte Physik,
J. W. Goethe-Universität Frankfurt am Main
12 November 2010



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für Kernphysik



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Beta decay

Nuclear weak decay in general form:

$$n + \nu_e \leftrightarrow p + e^-$$

i) continuum beta decay:

$$n \rightarrow p + e^- + \bar{\nu}_e$$

β^- – decay

$$p \rightarrow n + e^+ + \nu_e$$

β^+ – decay

ii) two-body beta decay:

$$p + e_b^- \rightarrow n + \nu_e$$

Orbital electron capture (EC)

$$n \rightarrow p + e_b^- + \bar{\nu}_e$$

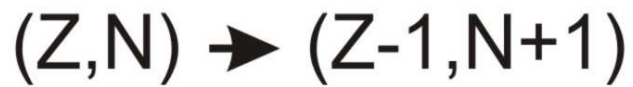
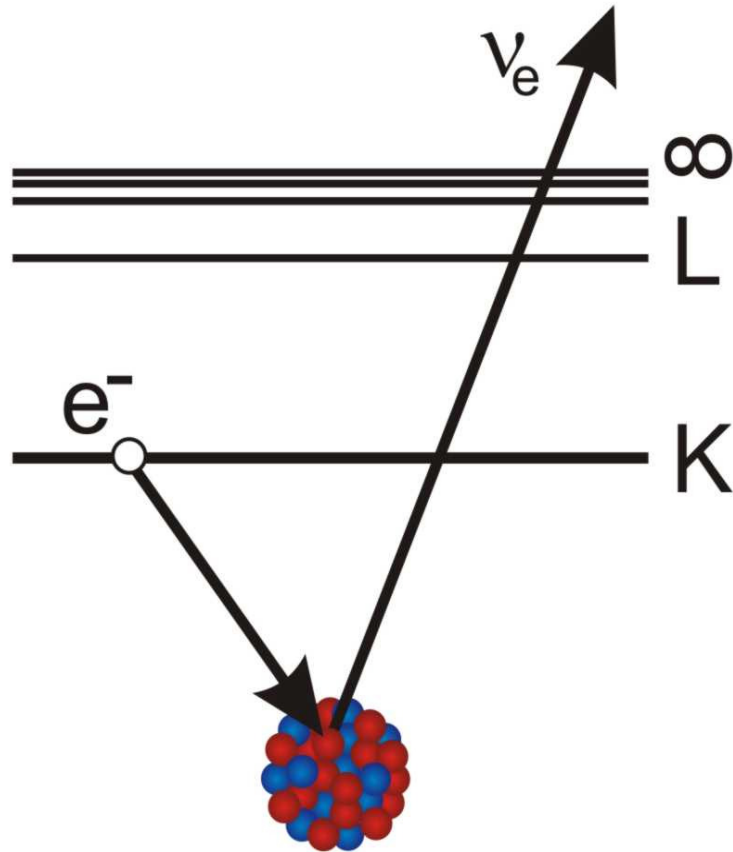
Bound state beta decay (β_b^-)

$$p + e^- \rightarrow n + \nu_e$$

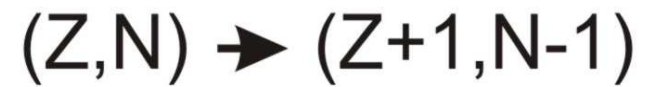
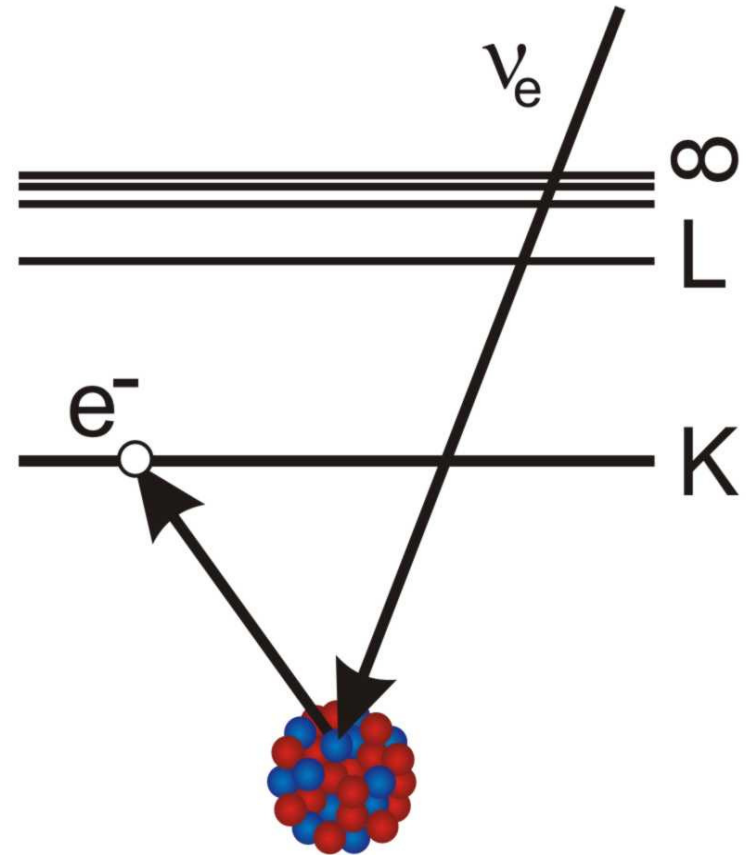
Free electron capture



Two-body beta decay



EC



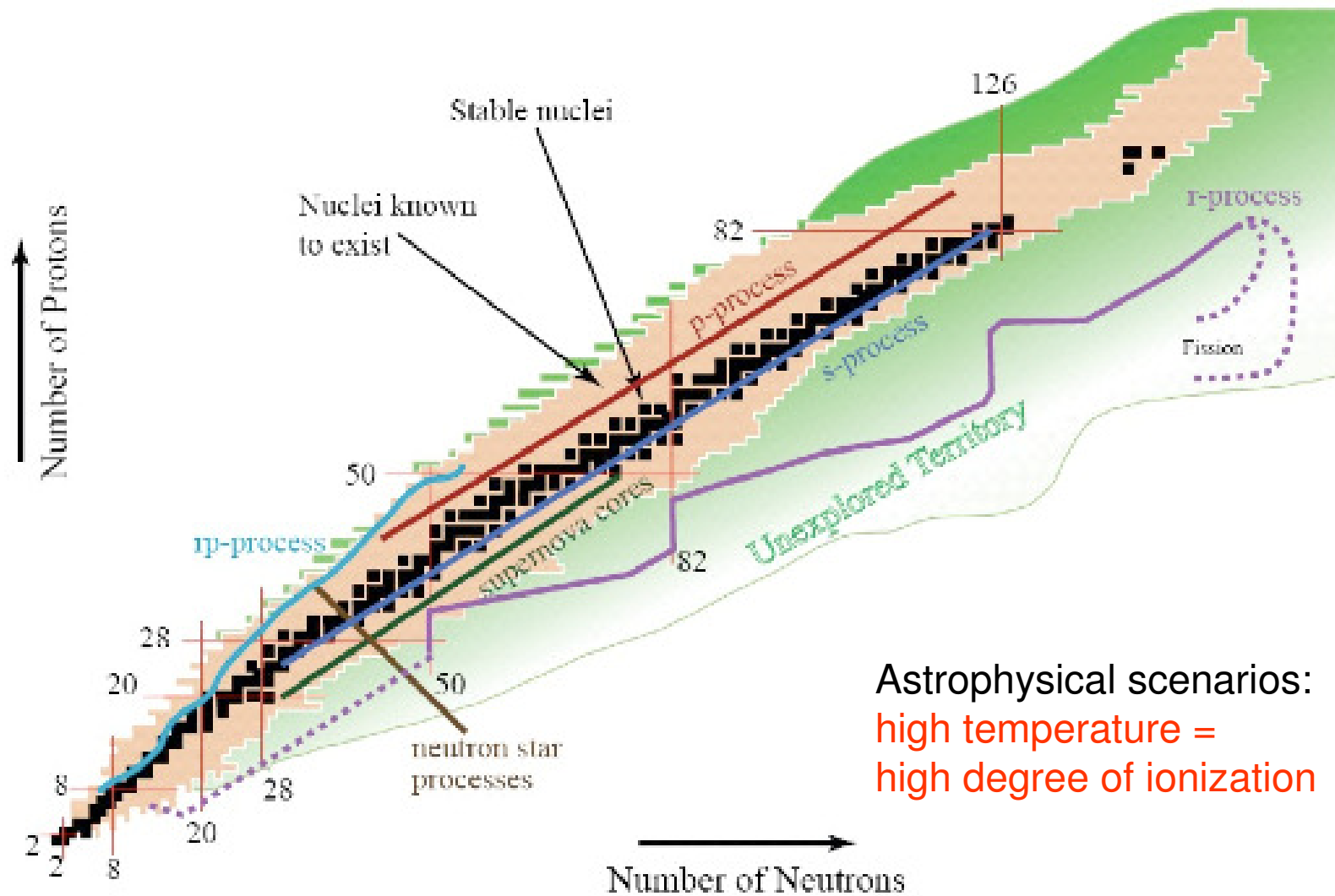
β_b^-





Nucleosynthesis on the Chart of the Nuclides

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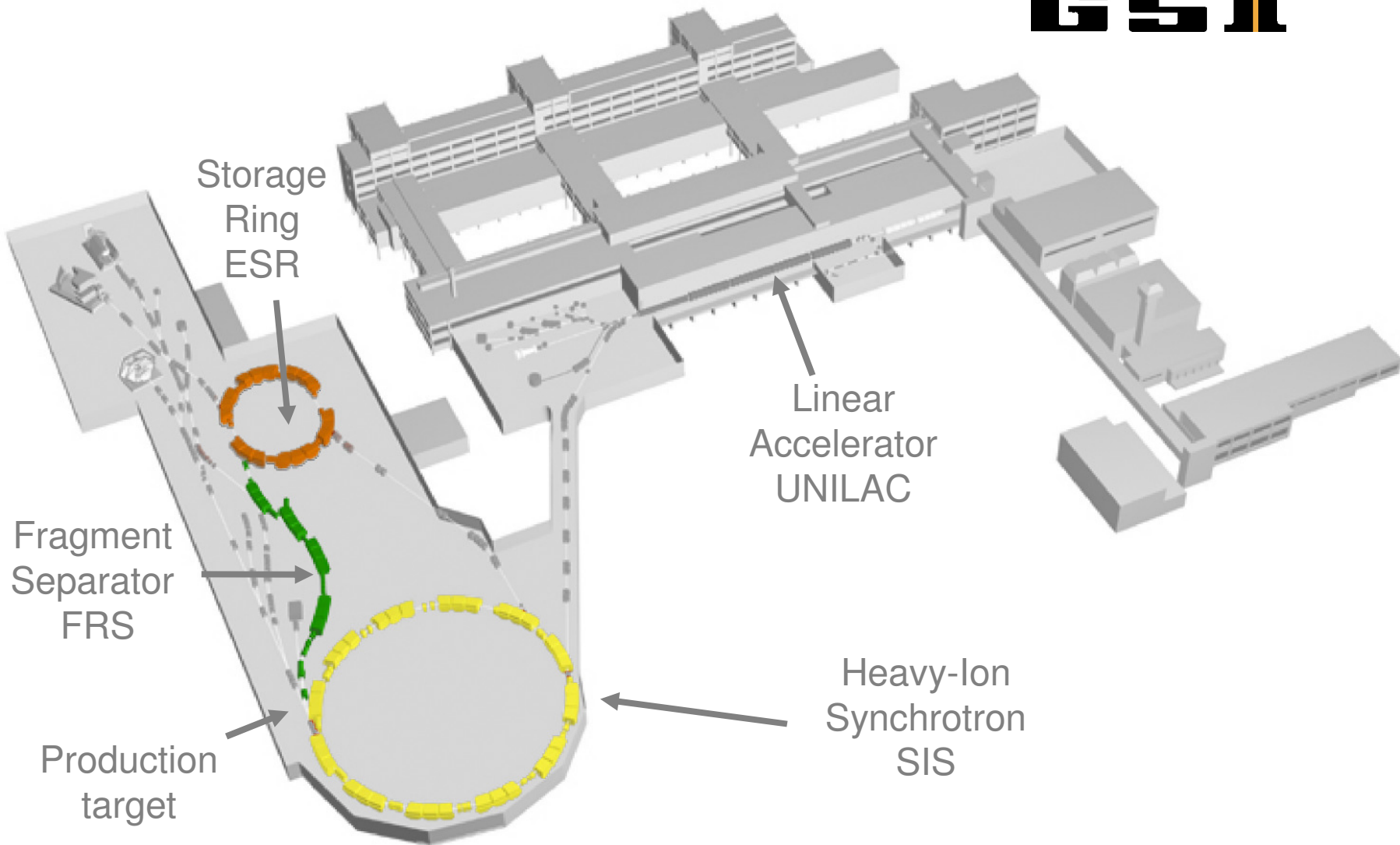


Astrophysical scenarios:
high temperature =
high degree of ionization



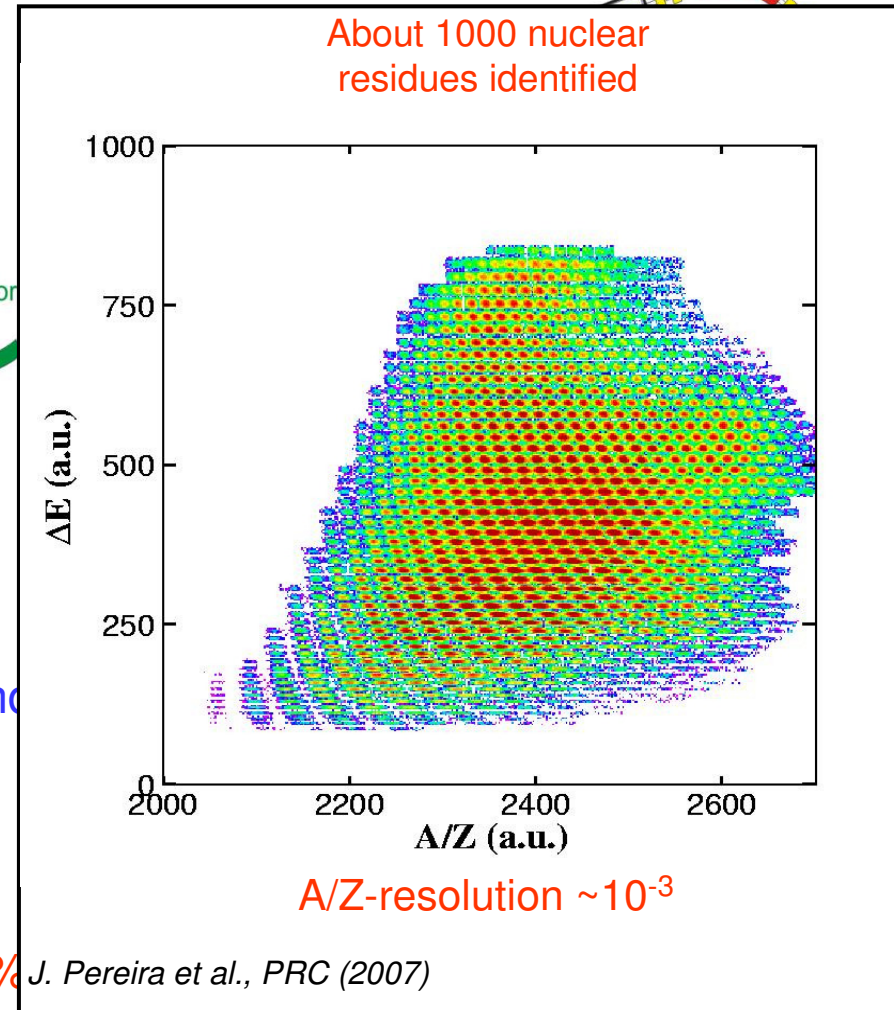
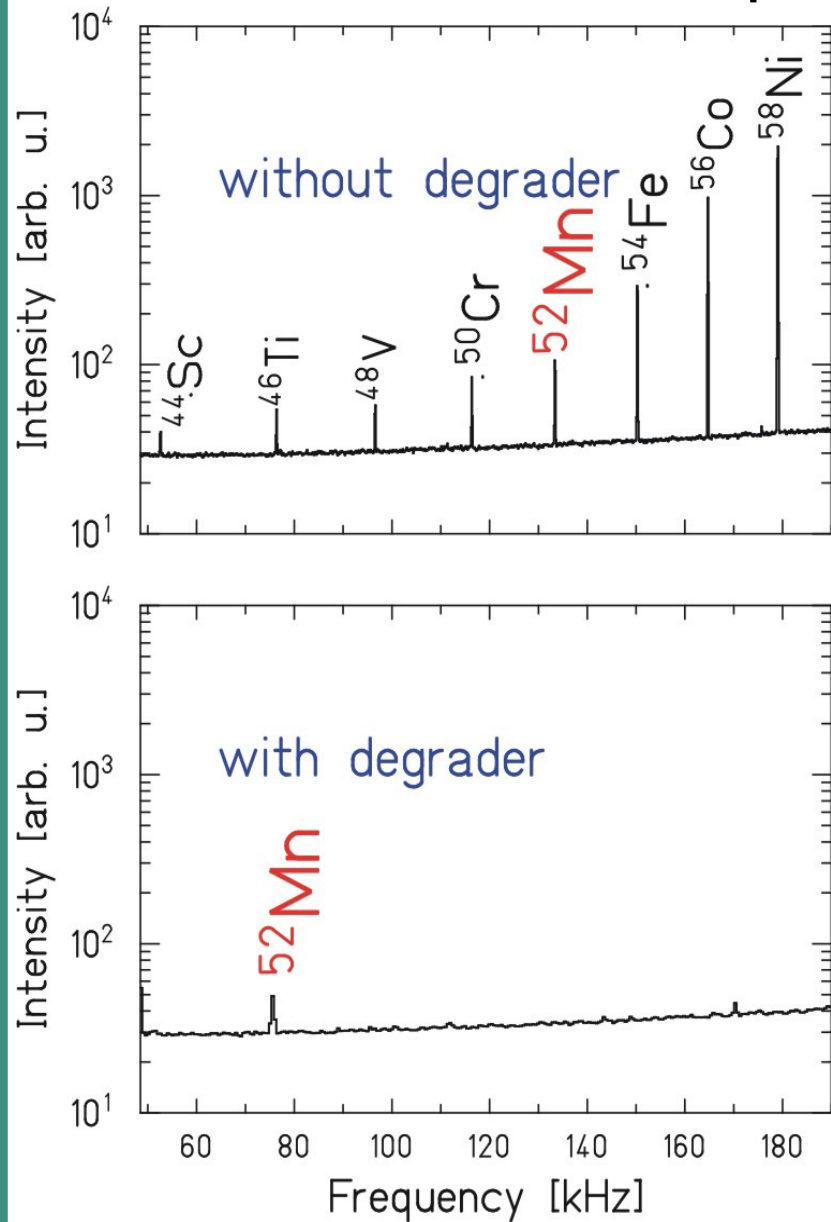
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Secondary beam facility at GSI



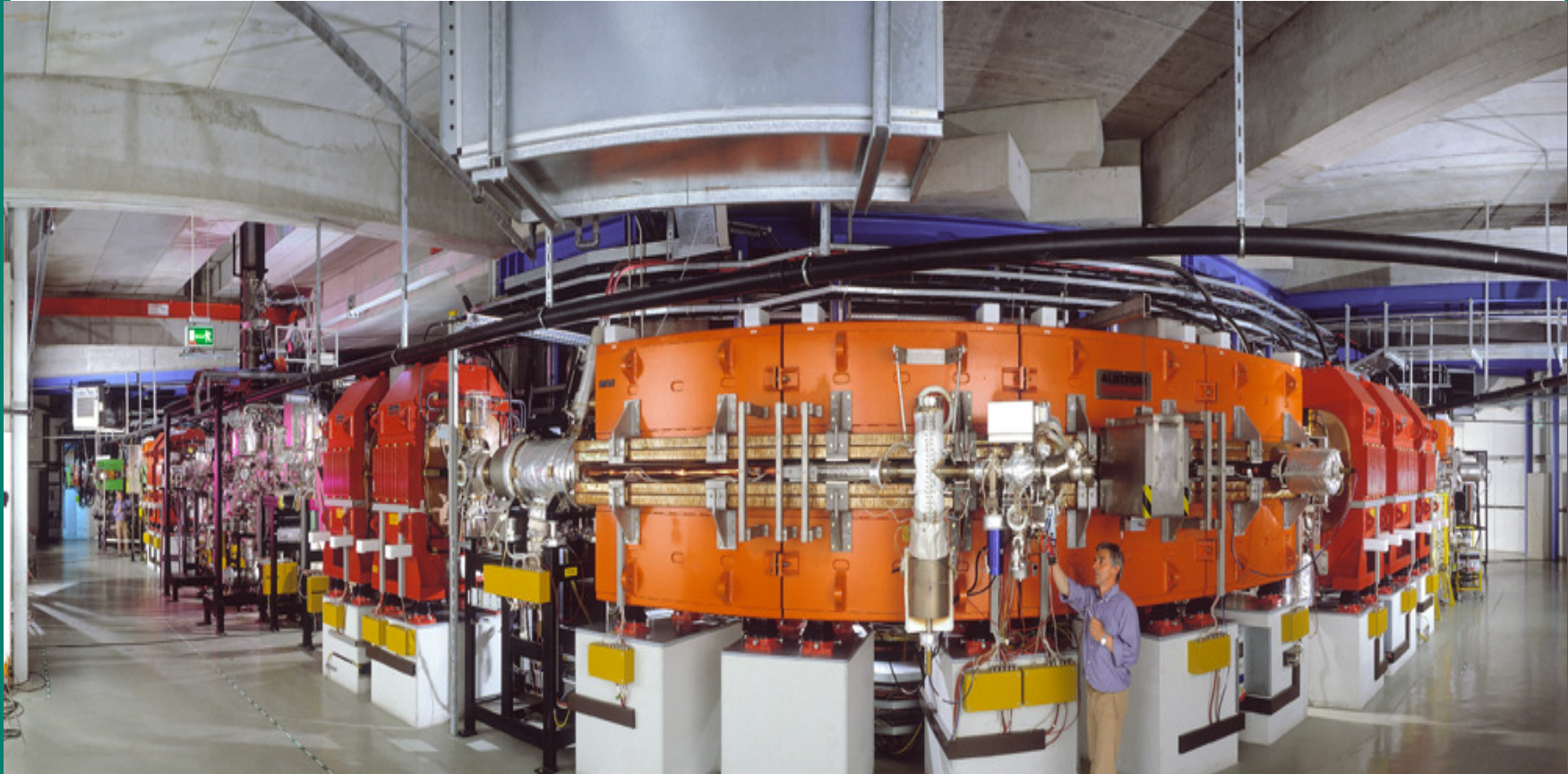


Production & Separation of Exotic Nuclei





Experimental Storage Ring at GSI



$$\frac{\Delta f}{f} = \frac{1}{\gamma_t^2} \frac{\Delta(m/q)}{m/q} + \frac{\Delta v}{v} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{\gamma^2}{\gamma_t^2}\right)$$



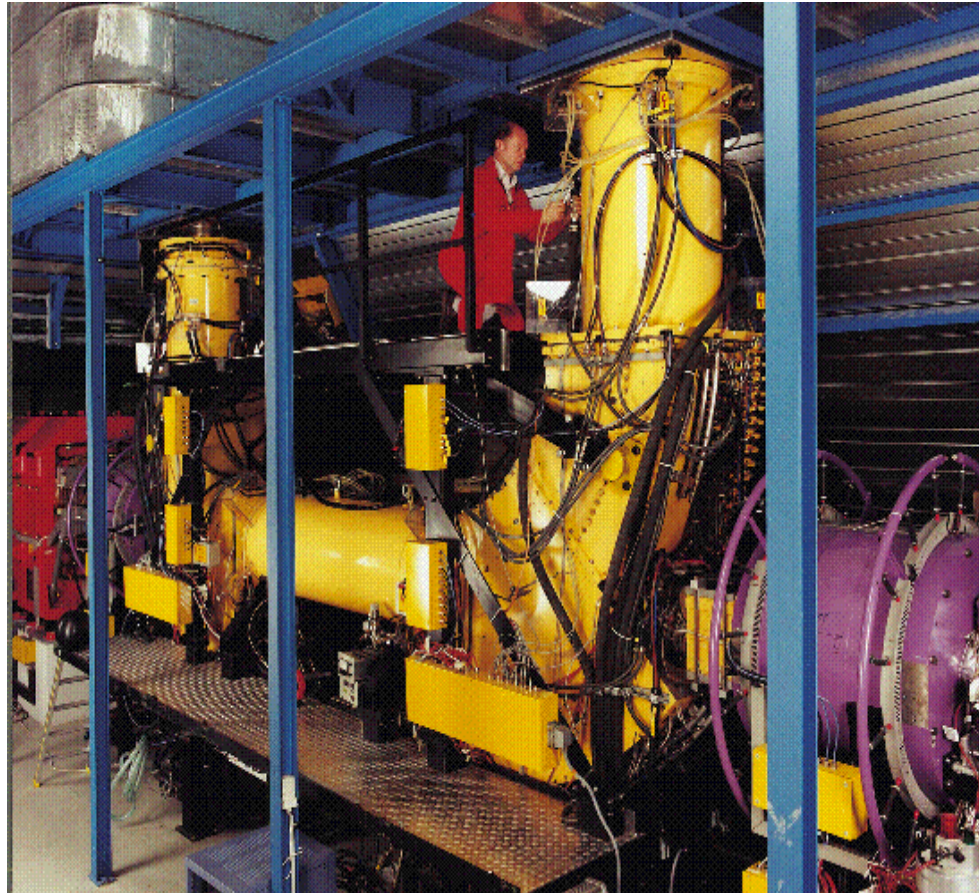
ESR: B. Franzke, NIM B 24/25 (1987) 18

Stochastic cooling: F. Nolden et al., NIM B 532 (2004) 329
Electron cooling: M. Steck et al., NIM B 532 (2004) 357

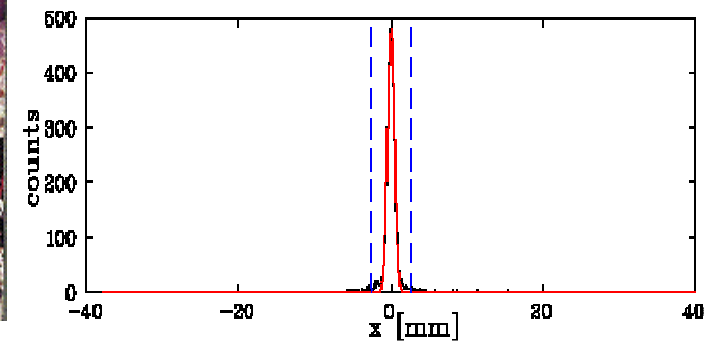
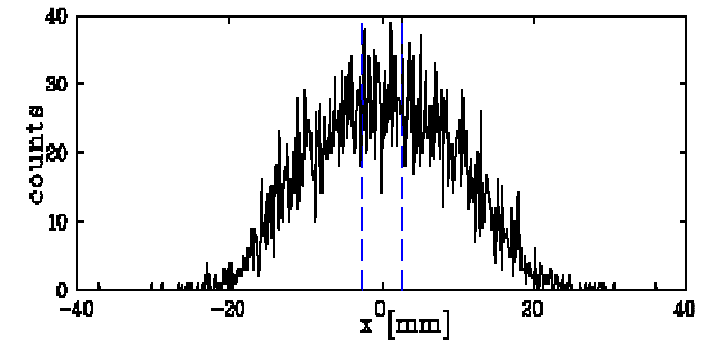


Electron Cooling

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momentum exchange with 'cold',
collinear e- beam. The ions get the
sharp velocity of the electrons,
small size and divergence

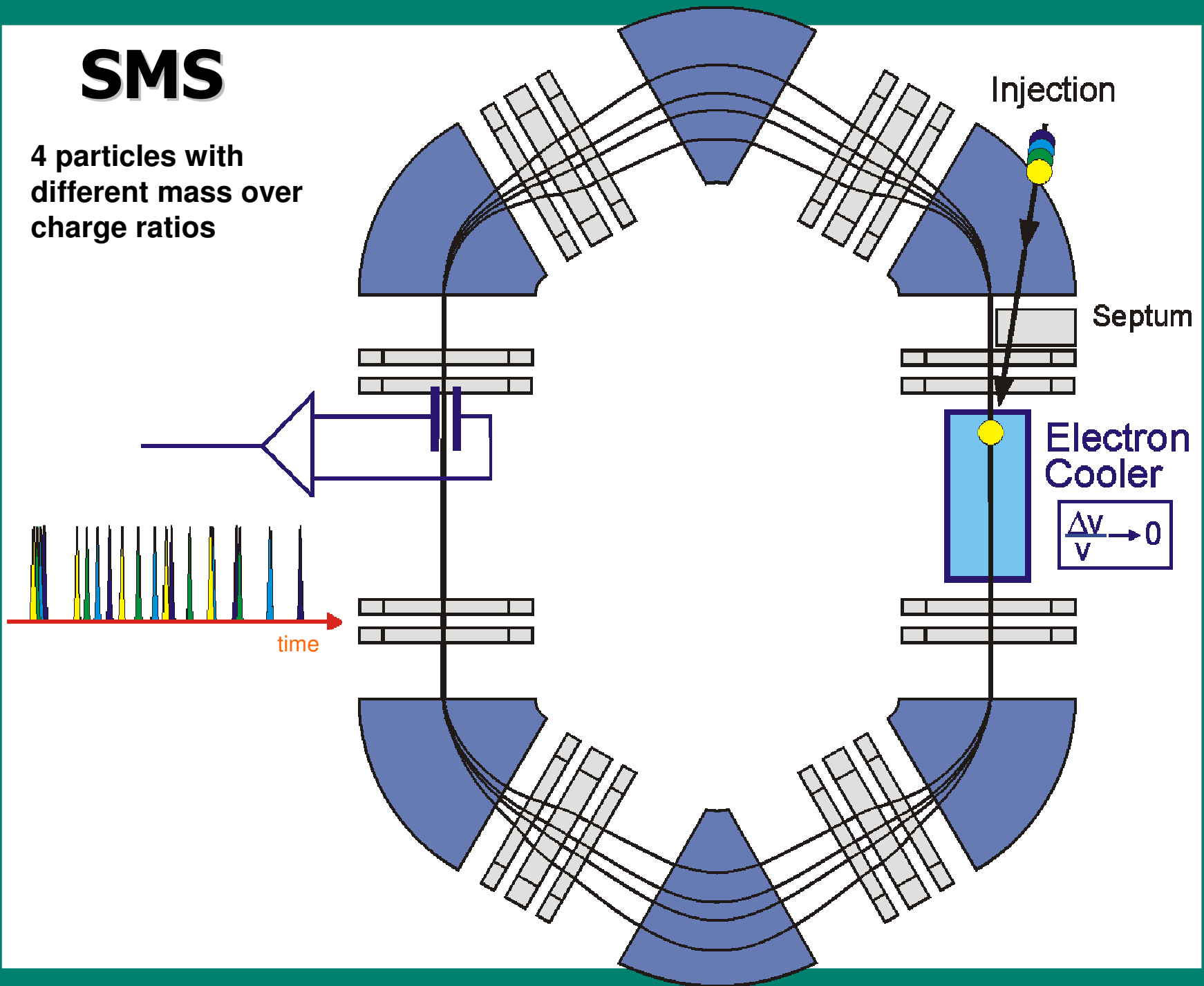


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SMS

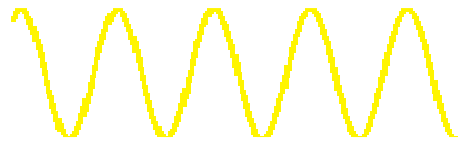
4 particles with
different mass over
charge ratios



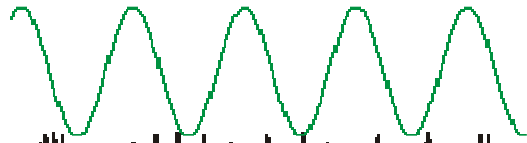


Schottky Mass Spectrometry

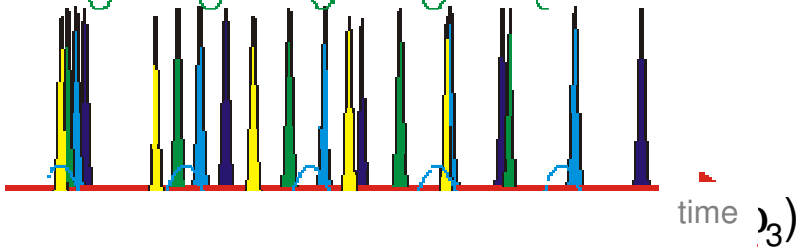
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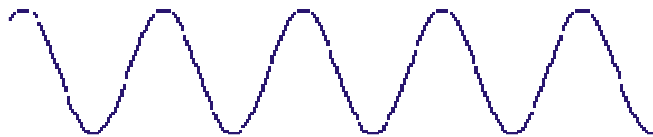
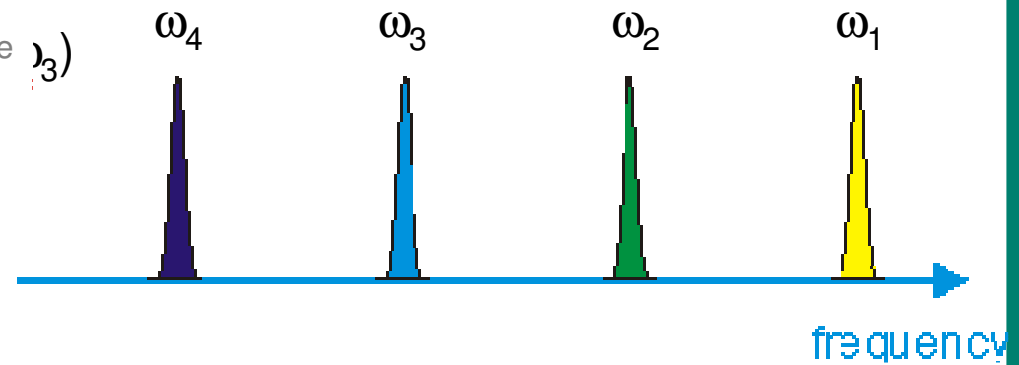
$\text{Sin}(\omega_1)$



$\text{Sin}(\omega_2)$



Fast Fourier Transform



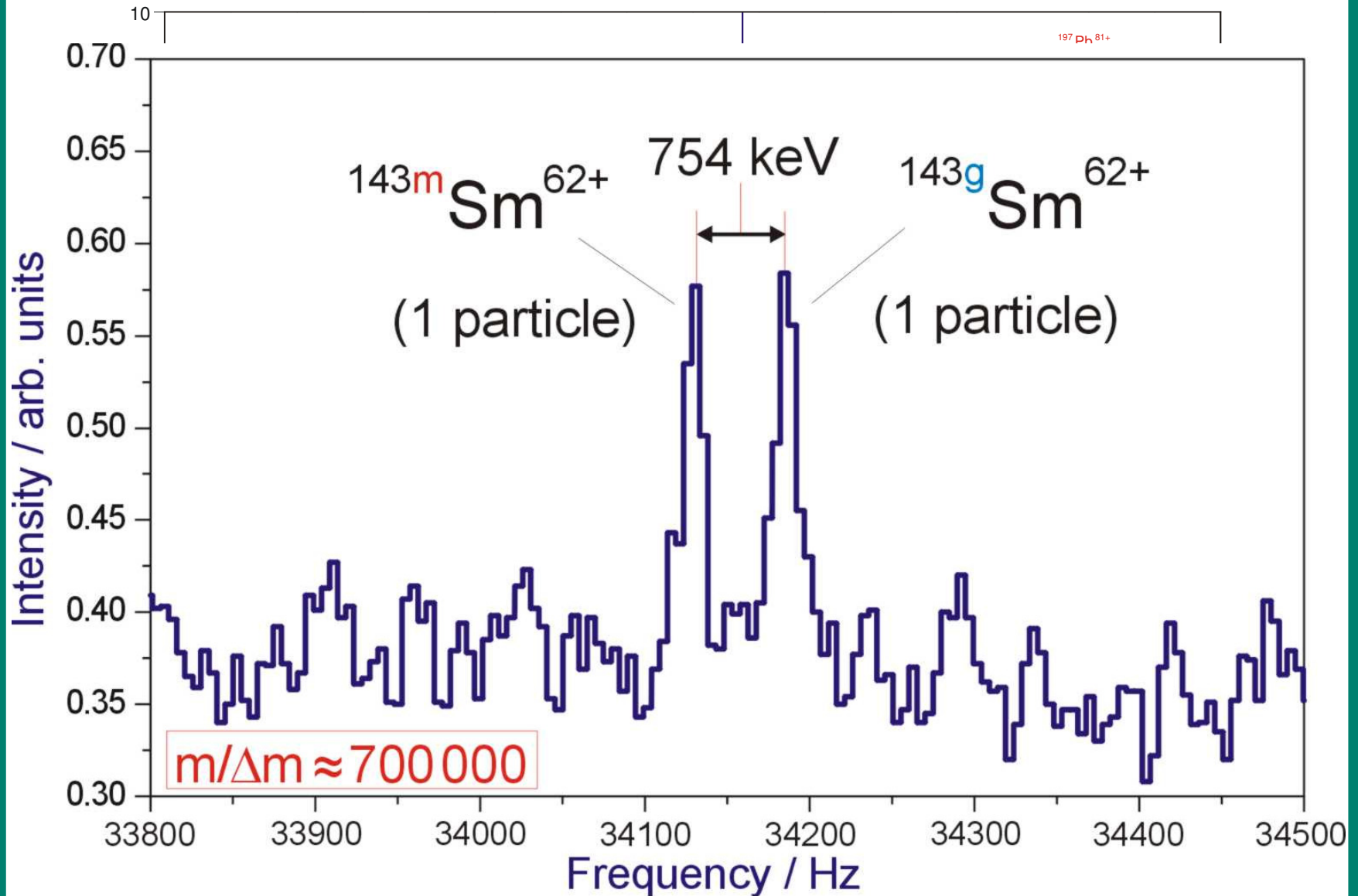
$\text{Sin}(\omega_4)$



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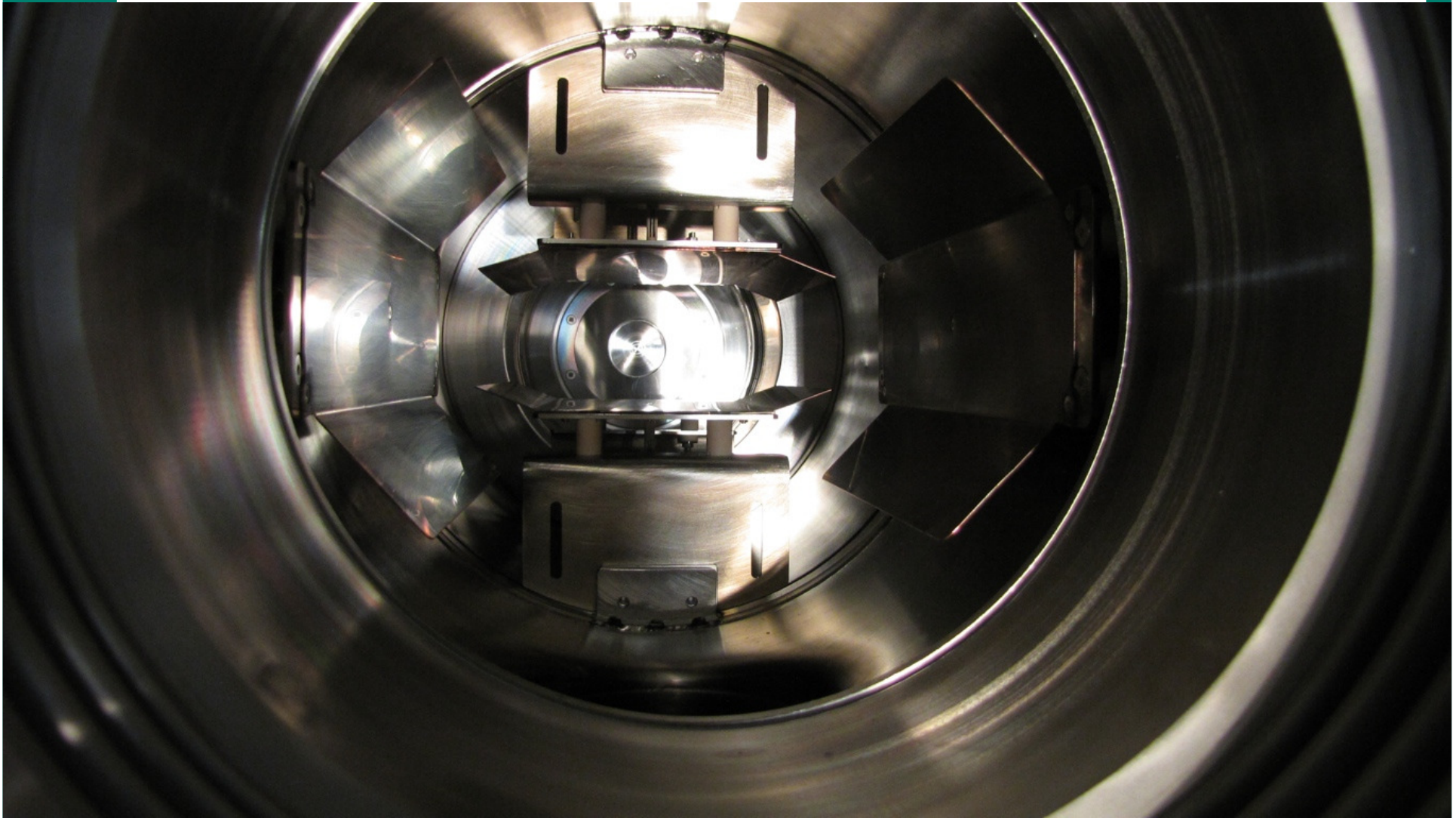


Broad-Band Schottky Frequency Spectra





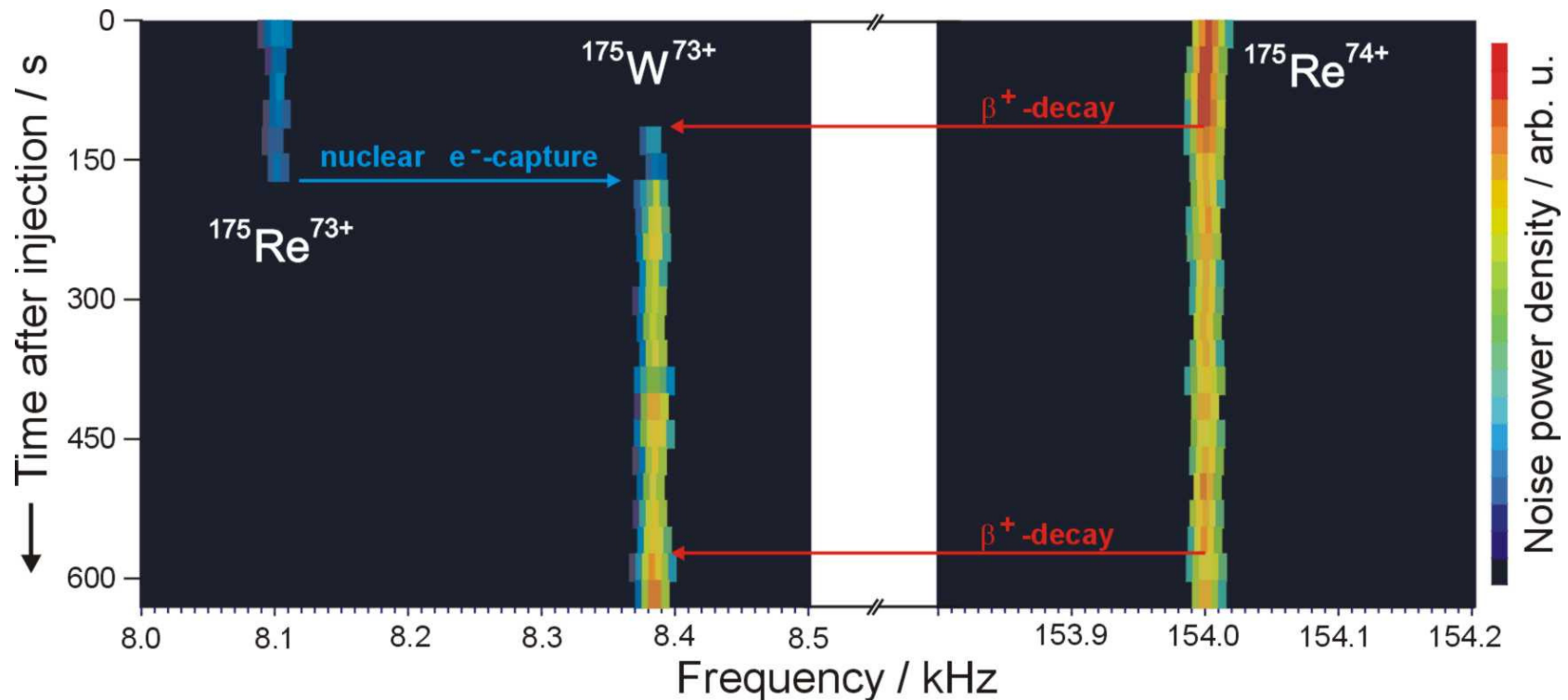
Capacitive Schottky Pick-Up in the ESR





Nuclear Decays of Stored Single Ions

Time-resolved SMS is a perfect tool to study decays in the ESR



EC, β_+ , β_- , bound-state β , and IT decays were observed





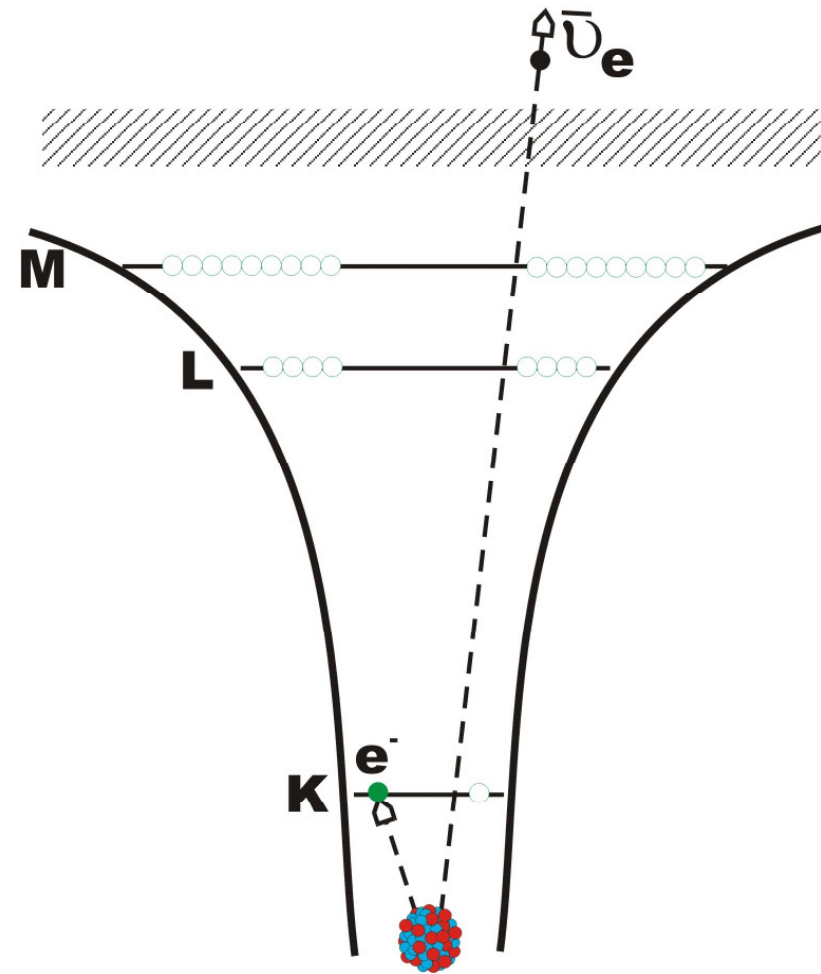
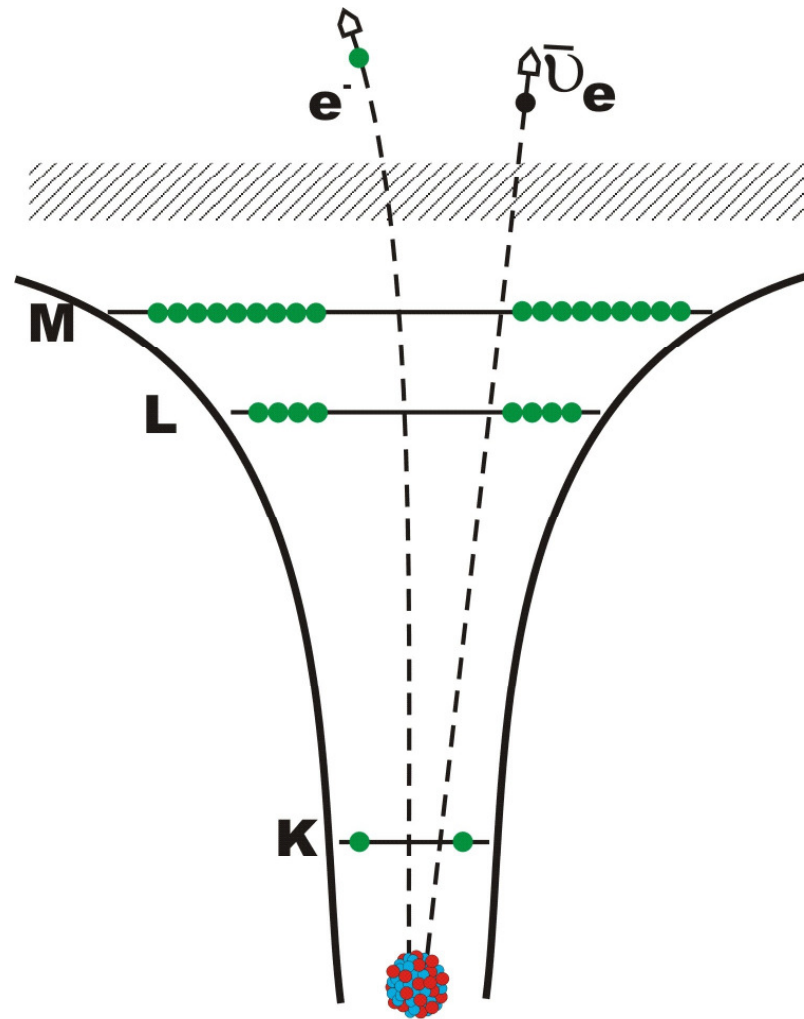
Fully-Ionized Atoms

- John N. Bahcall, "Theory of Bound-State Beta Decay",
Phys. Rev. 124 (1961) 495*
- John N. Bahcall, "Beta Decay in Stellar Interiors",
Phys. Rev. 126 (1962) 1143*
- Koji Takahashi, Koichi Yokoi,
"Nuclear Beta-Decays of Highly-Ionized Heavy Atoms in Stellar Interiors",
Nucl. Phys. A 404 (1983) 578*
- Koji Takahashi, Koichi Yokoi,
"Beta-Decay Rates of Highly-Ionized Heavy Atoms in Stellar Interiors",
Atomic Data Nucl. Data Tables 36 (1987) 375*



Bound-State β -decay

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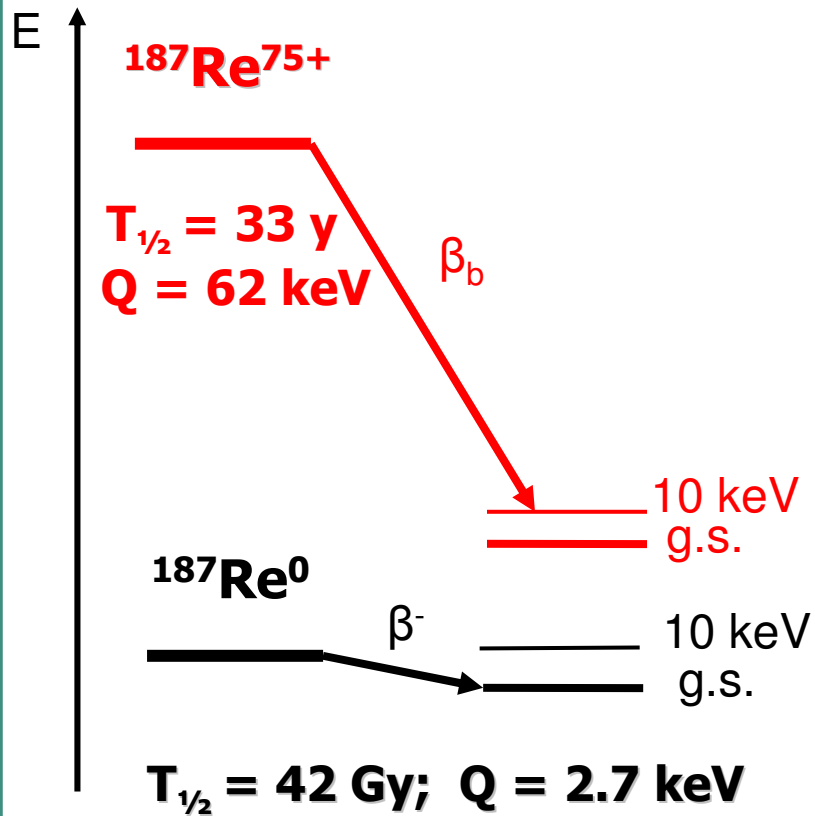


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Bound-State β -decay of ^{187}Re

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The 7 Nuclear Clocks

of the Earth, the Solar System, the Galaxy, and the Universe

clock	$T_{1/2}$ [10^9 y]
$^{40}\text{K}/^{40}\text{Ar}$ (β)	1.3
$^{238}\text{U} \dots \text{Th} \dots ^{206}\text{Pb}$ (α, β)	4.5
$^{232}\text{Th} \dots \text{Ra} \dots ^{208}\text{Pb}$ (α, β)	14
$^{176}\text{Lu}/^{176}\text{Hf}$ (β)	30
$^{187}\text{Re}/^{187}\text{Os}$ (β)	42
$^{87}\text{Rb}/^{87}\text{Sr}$ (β)	50
$^{147}\text{Sm}/^{143}\text{Nd}$ (α)	100

Hubble Ultra Deep Field
 Hubble Space Telescope • Advanced Camera for Surveys

NASA, ESA, S. Beckwith (STScI) and the HUDF Team

STScI-PRC04-07a



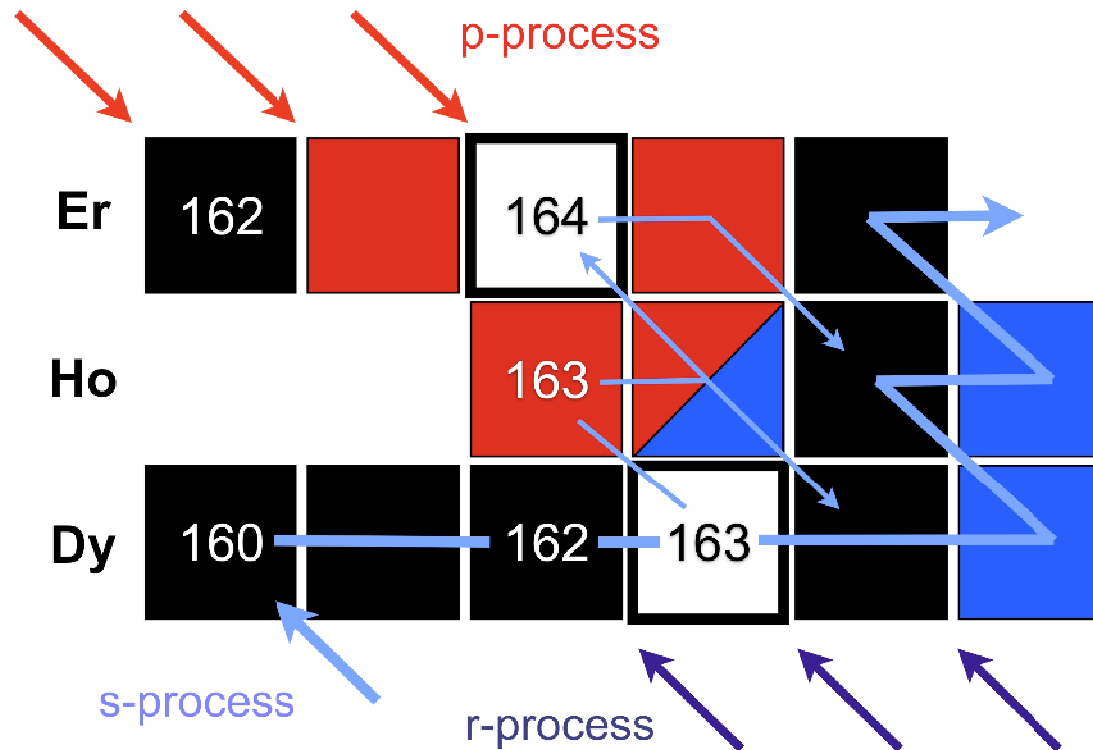
F. Bosch et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 77 (1996) 5190

Radioactive Clock



Bound-State β -decay of ^{163}Dy

s process: slow neutron capture and β -decay near valley of β stability at $kT = 30$ keV; \rightarrow high atomic charge state \rightarrow bound-state β decay

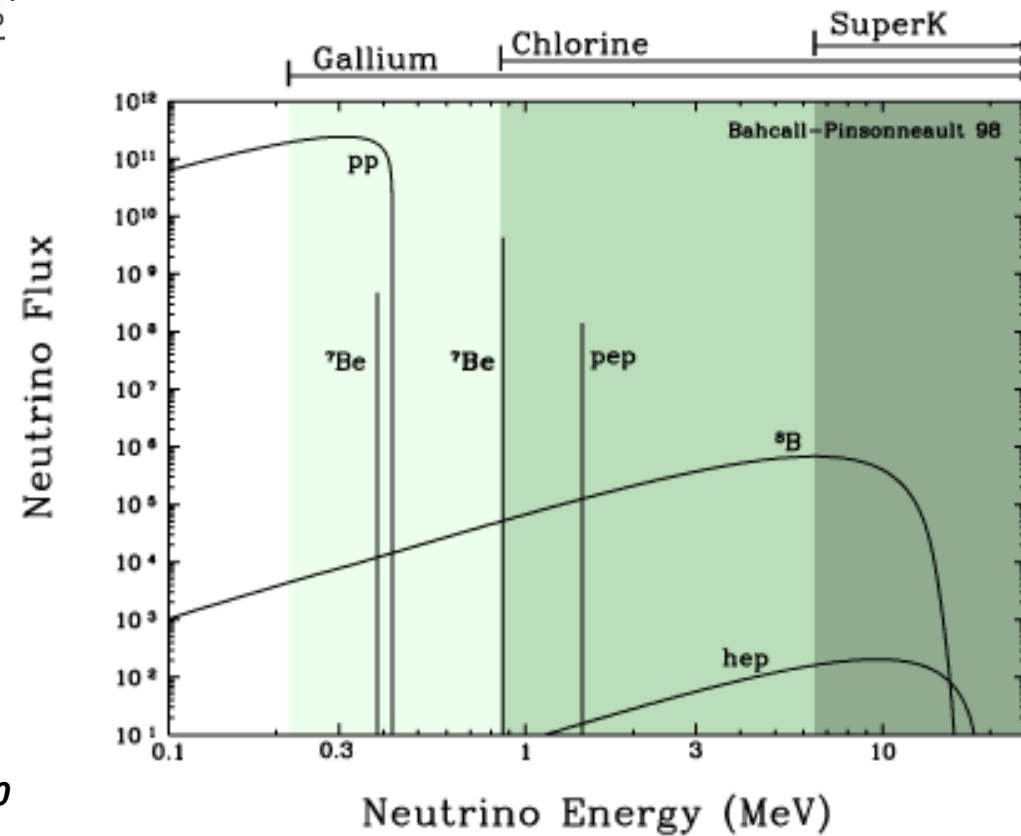
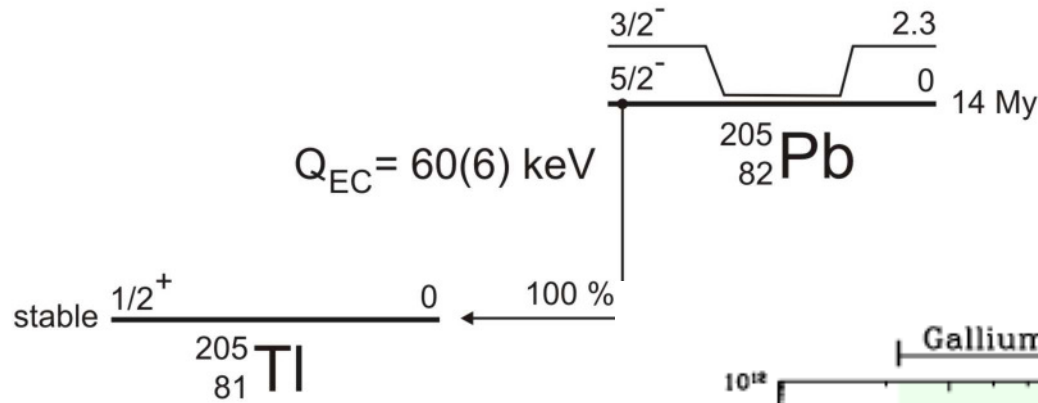


$T_{1/2} = 48$ days

branchings caused by bound-state β decay



Bound-State β -decay of ^{205}Tl



F. Bosch et al., GSI Proposal, 1992 & 2010





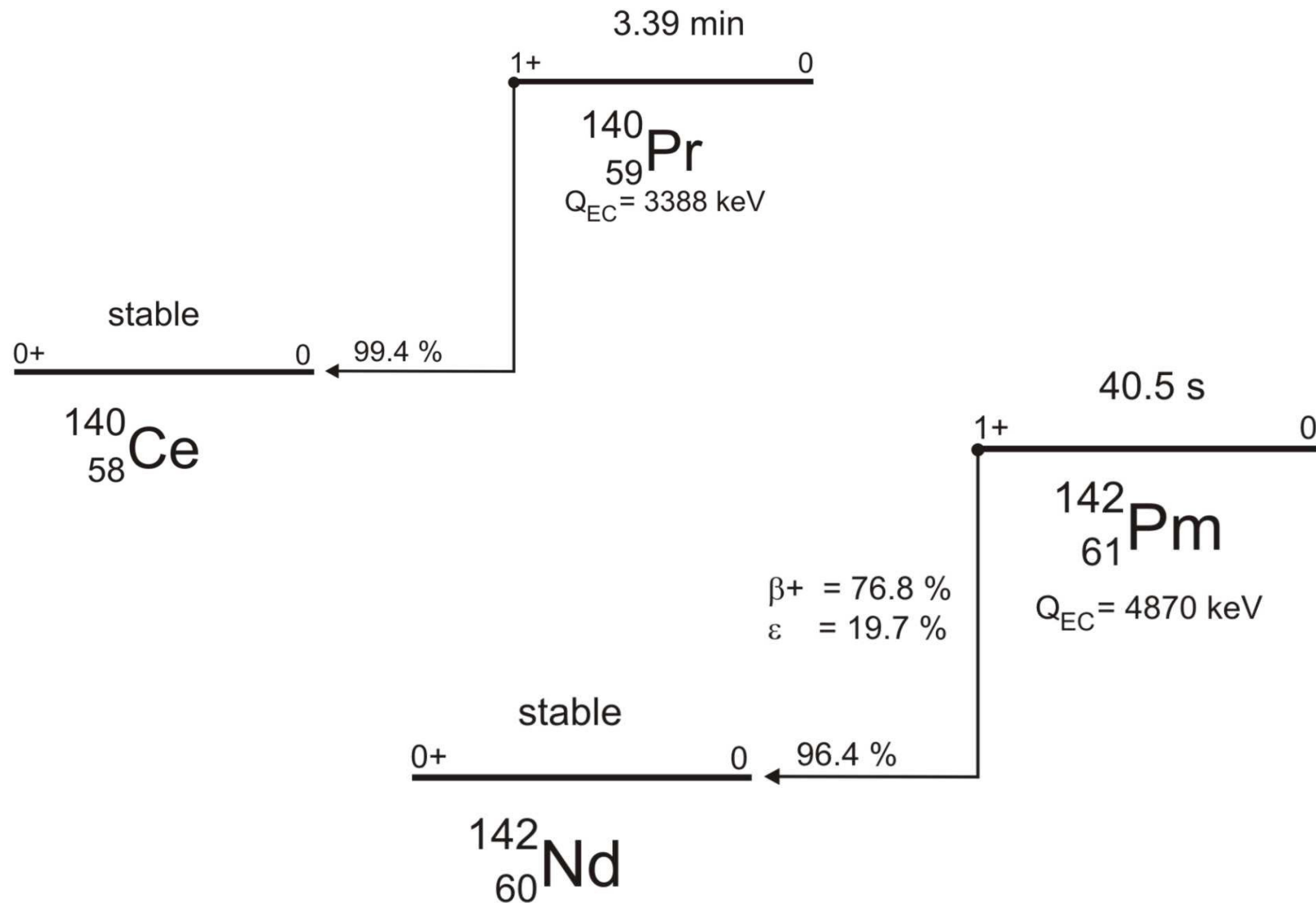
Hydrogen-Like Atoms

*I. Iben et al., “The Effect of Be7 K-Capture on the Solar Neutrino Flux”,
Ap. J. 150 (1967) 1001*

*L.M. Folan, V.I. Tsifrinovich,
“Effects of the Hyperfine Interaction on Orbital Electron Capture”,
Phys. Rev. Lett. 74 (1995) 499*



Orbital Electron Capture in H-Like Ions





Orbital Electron Capture

Conventional EC-theory:

W. Bambynek et al., Rev. Mod. Phys 49, 1977

**Gamow-Teller allowed
transition $1^+ \rightarrow 0^+$**

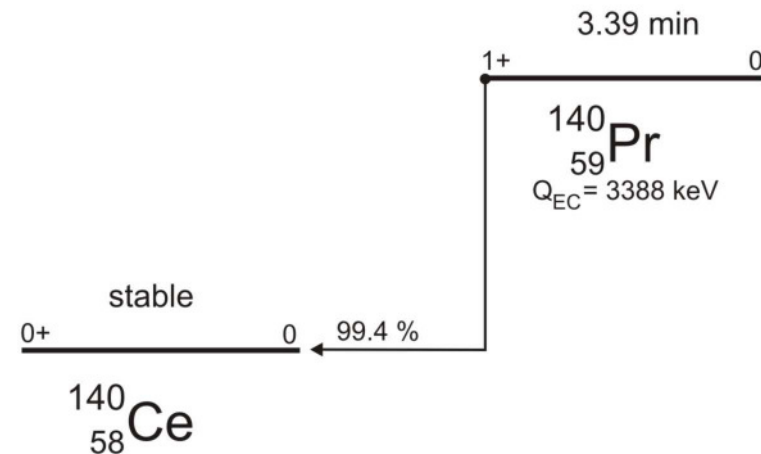
S-electron density at the nucleus:

$$|f_S(0)|^2 \propto 1/n^3$$

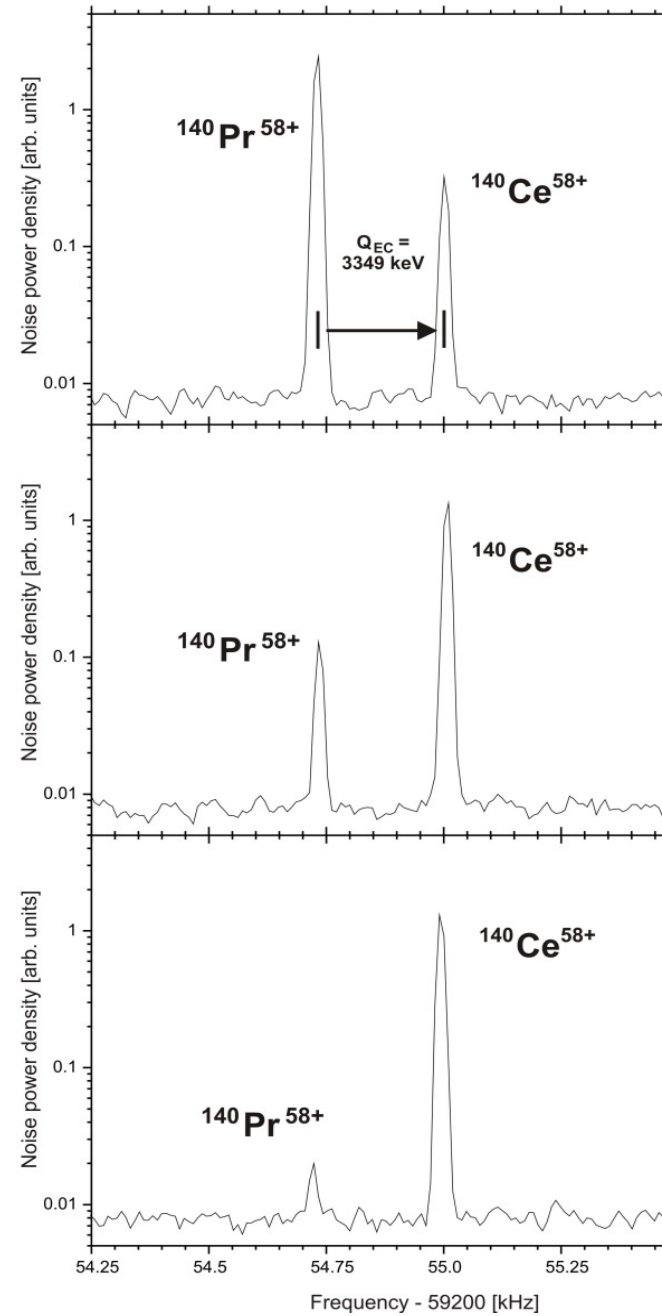
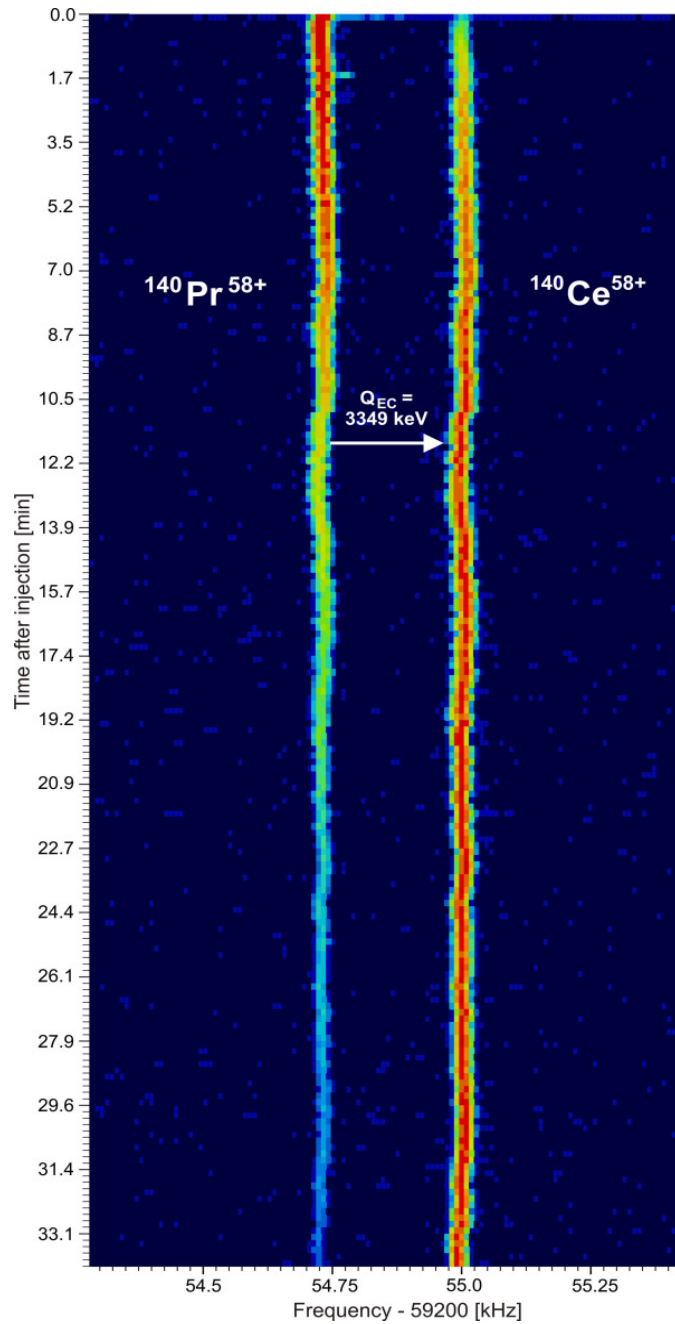
$$P_{EC}(\text{neutral atom}) \propto 2 \sum 1/n^3 = 2.4$$

$$P_K(\text{H-like}) \propto 1 * 1/1^3 = 1$$

**Conclusion:
H-Like ion should have 41%
longer half-life**



$$\lambda_{EC}(\text{H-like})/\lambda_{EC}(\text{He-like}) \approx 0.5$$





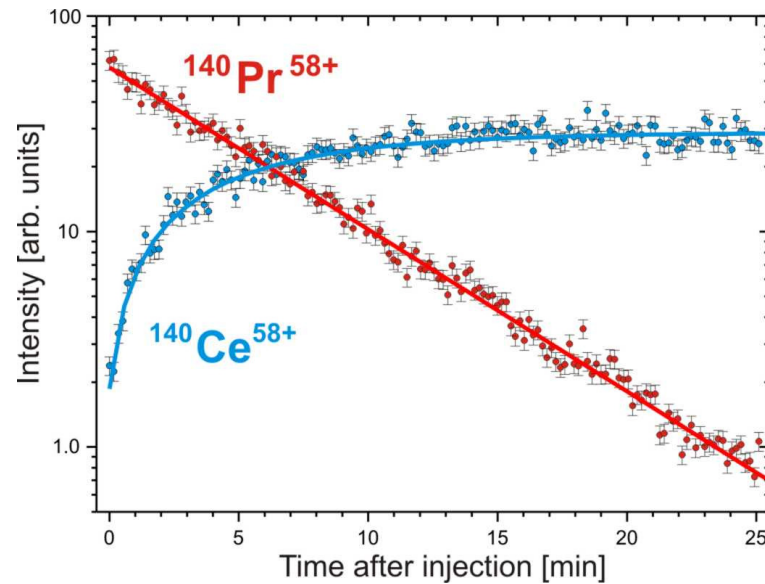
EC in Hydrogen-like Ions

Expectation:

$$\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{H-like})/\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{He-like}) \approx 0.5$$

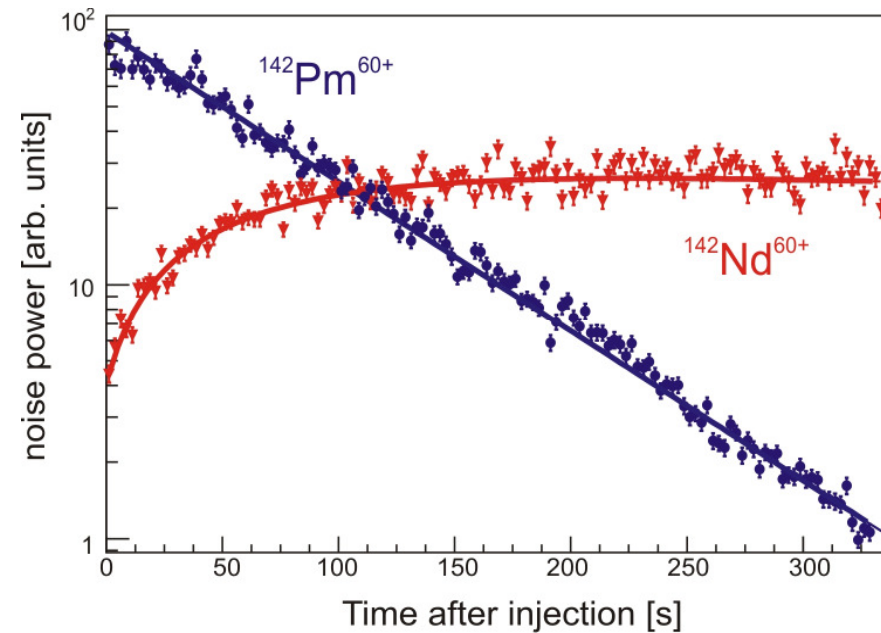
^{140}Pr

$$\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{H-like})/\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{He-like}) = 1.49(8)$$



^{142}Pm

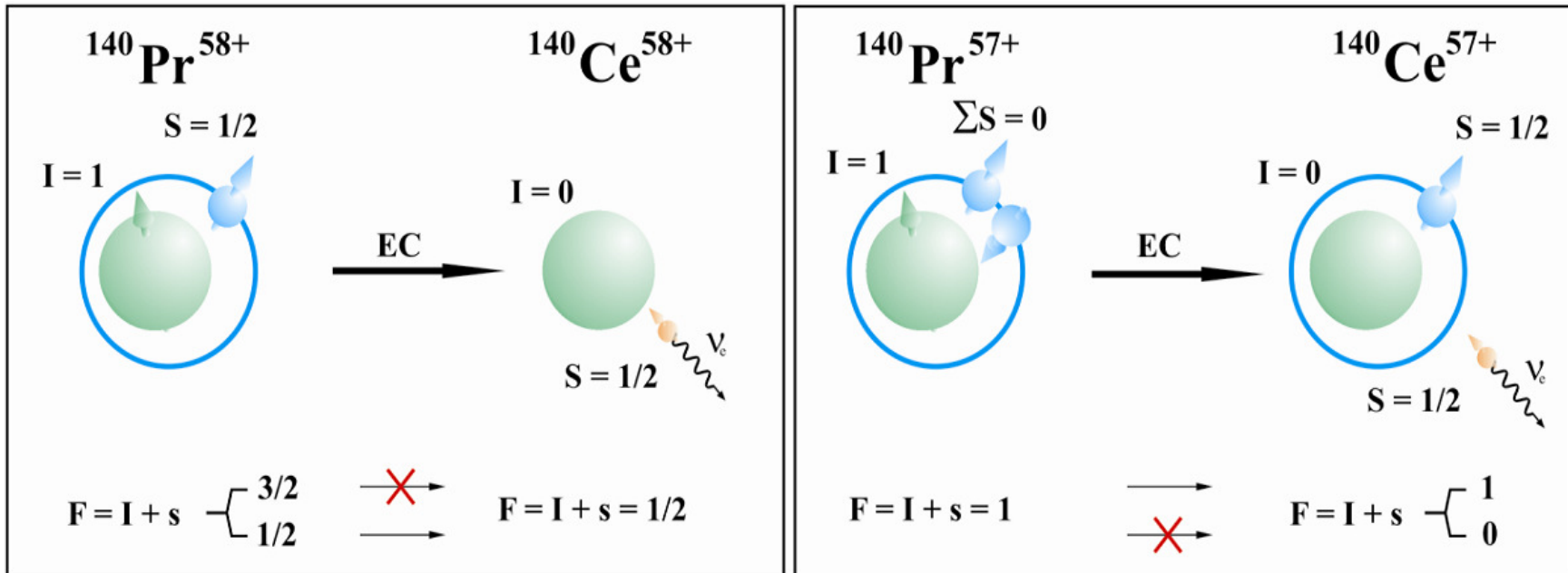
$$\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{H-like})/\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{He-like}) = 1.44(6)$$





Electron Capture in Hydrogen-like Ions

Gamow-Teller transition $1^+ \rightarrow 0^+$



$$\mu = +2.7812\mu_N$$

I. N. Borzov et al., Phys. At. Nucl. (2009)

Theory: $\lambda(H)/\lambda(He) = (2I+1)/(2F+1)$

Z. Patyk et al., Phys. Rev. C 77 (2008) 014306

	Theory	Measurement
Ratio H/He: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} {}^{140}\text{Pr} \\ {}^{142}\text{Pm} \end{array} \right.$	3/2	1.49 (9)
	3/2	1.44 (6)

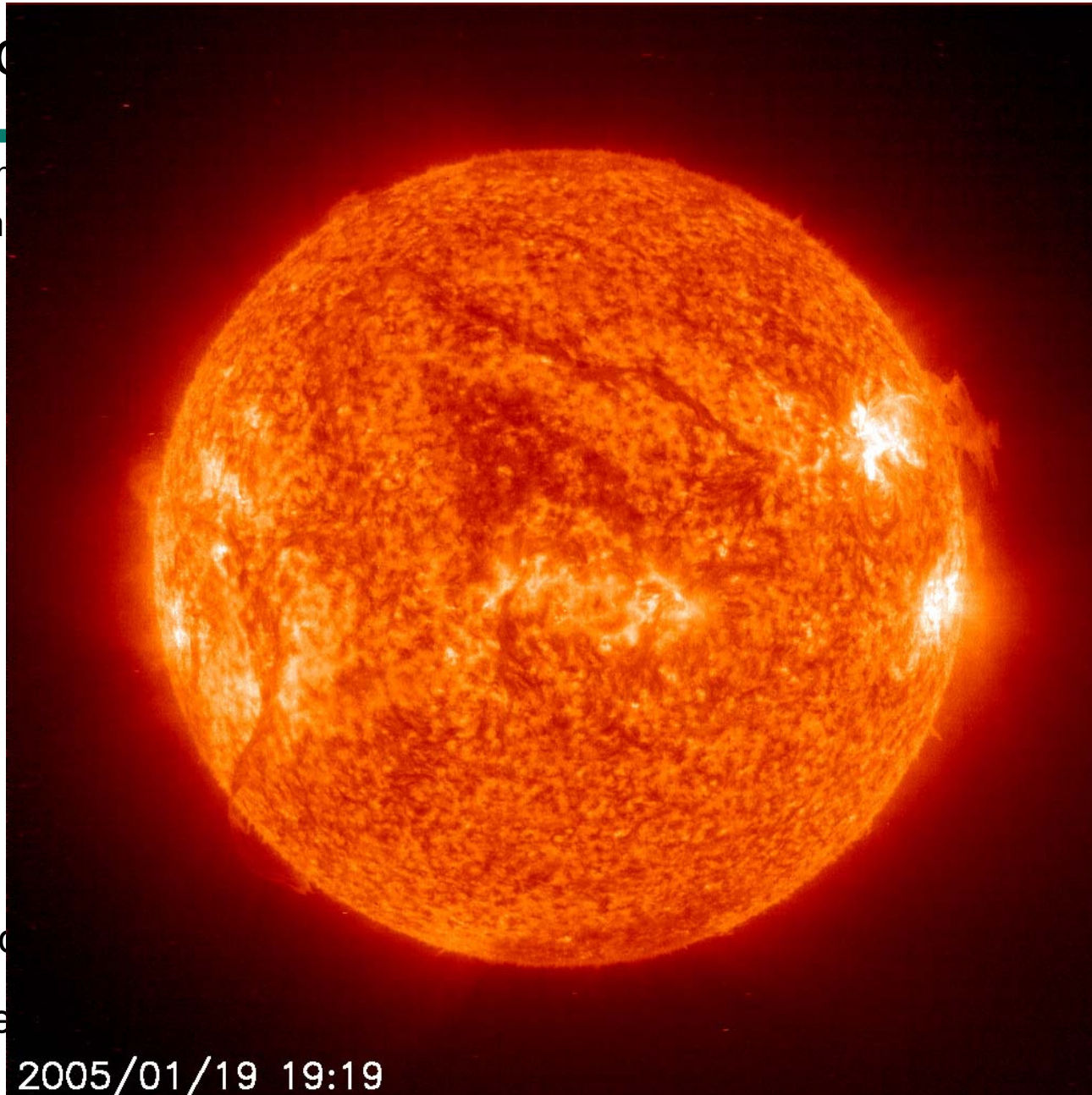


So

Be

A.V. Gruzir
Ionization

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Transiti

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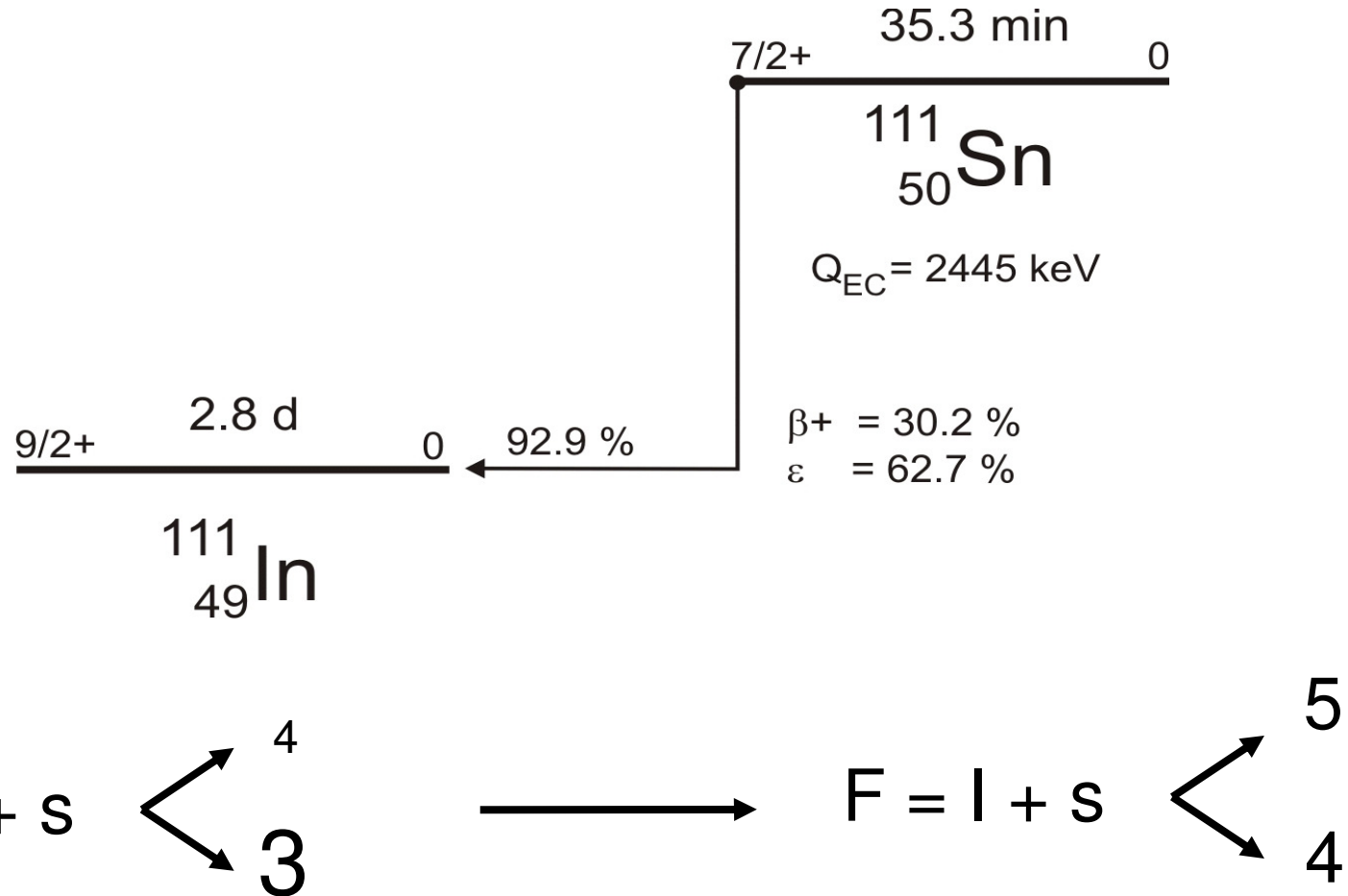
2005/01/19 19:19



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Electron Capture in Hydrogen-like Ions



Possibility to address the electron screening in beta decay under very clean conditions !

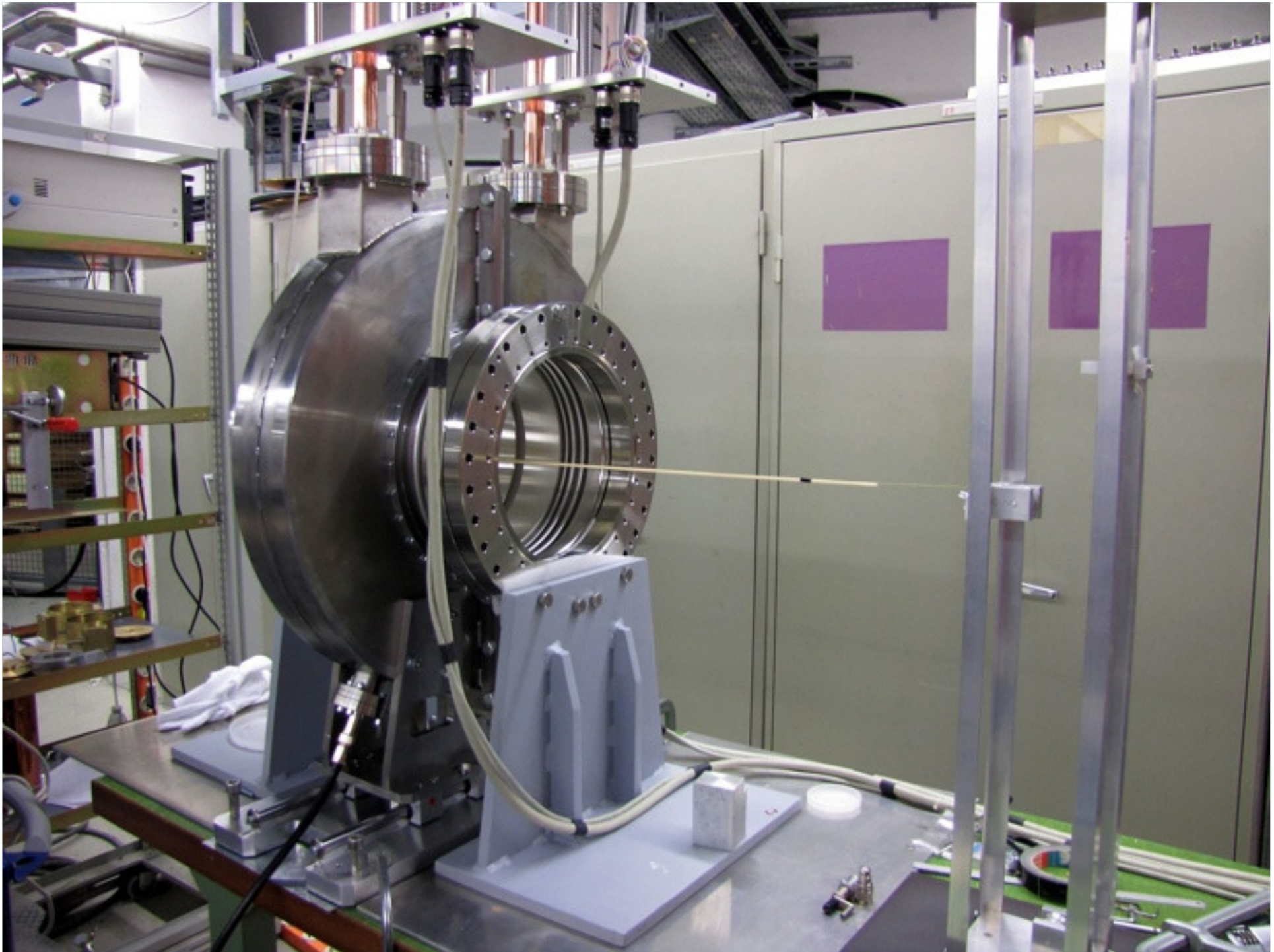


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Resonant Schottky Pick-up

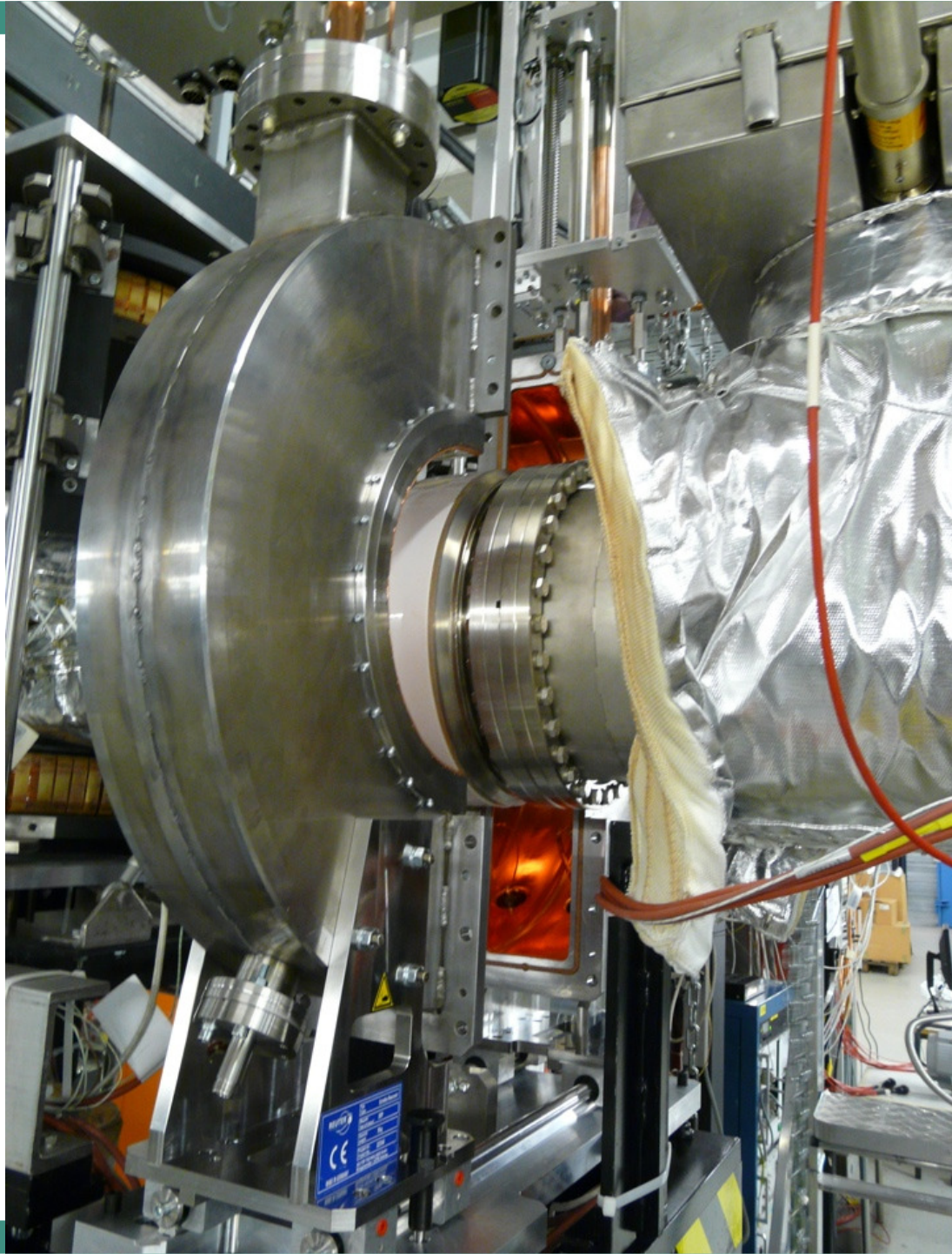




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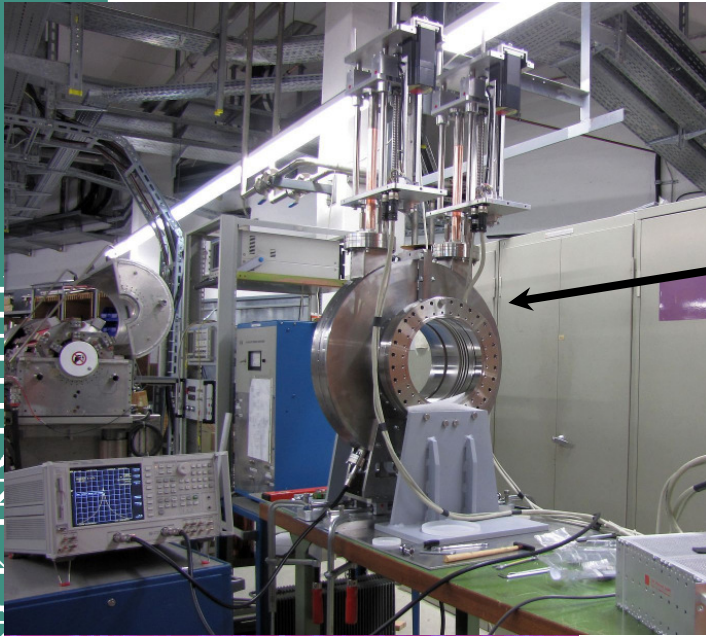


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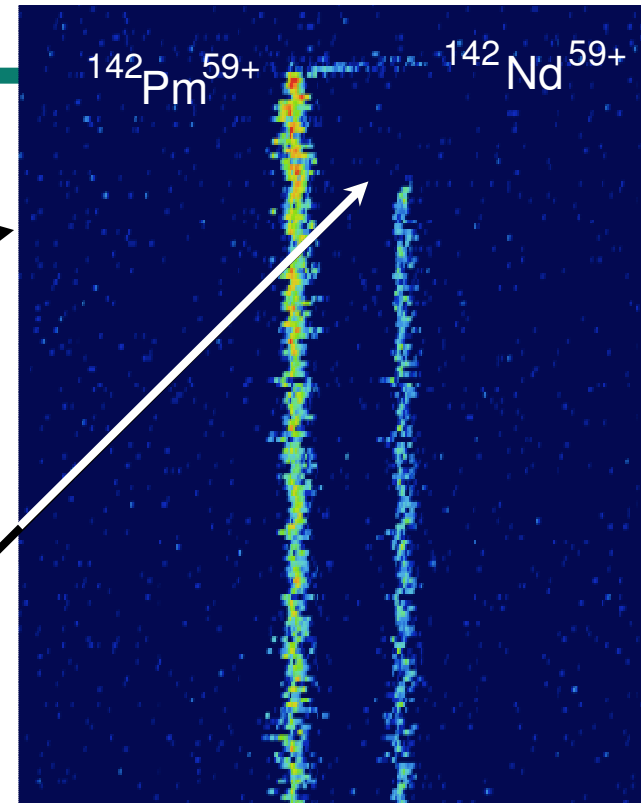




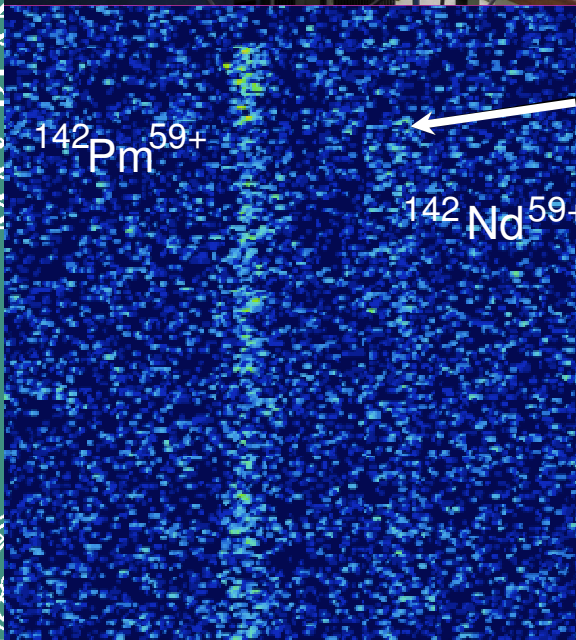
First EC-decay of He-like ^{142}Pm ions measured in E082



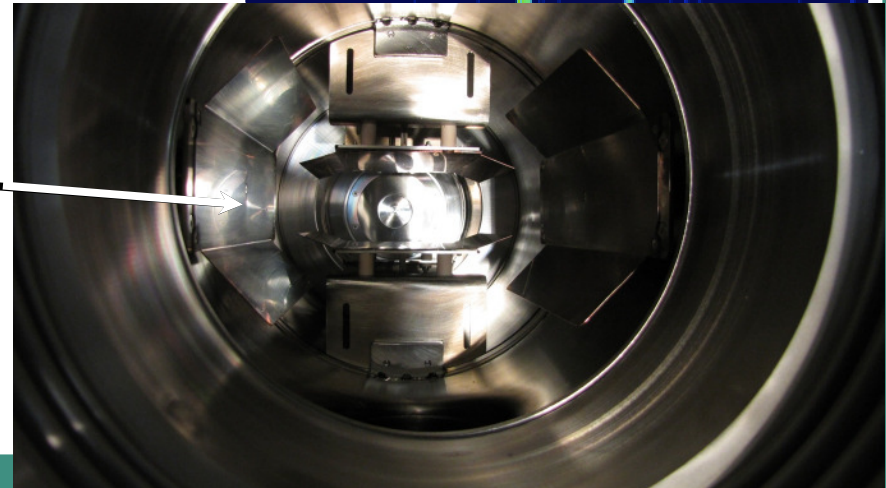
New resonator
cavity
(2010)
 124^{th}
harmonic



the same decay:
improvement by
a factor of about 100



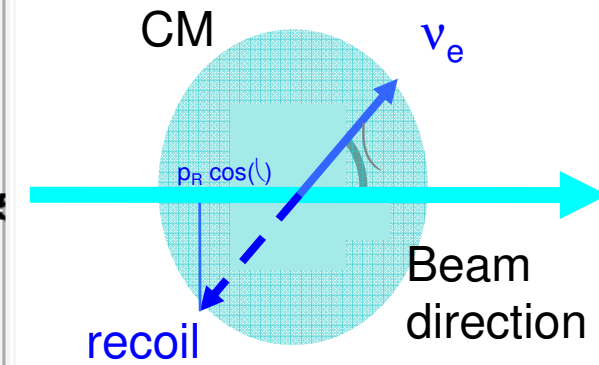
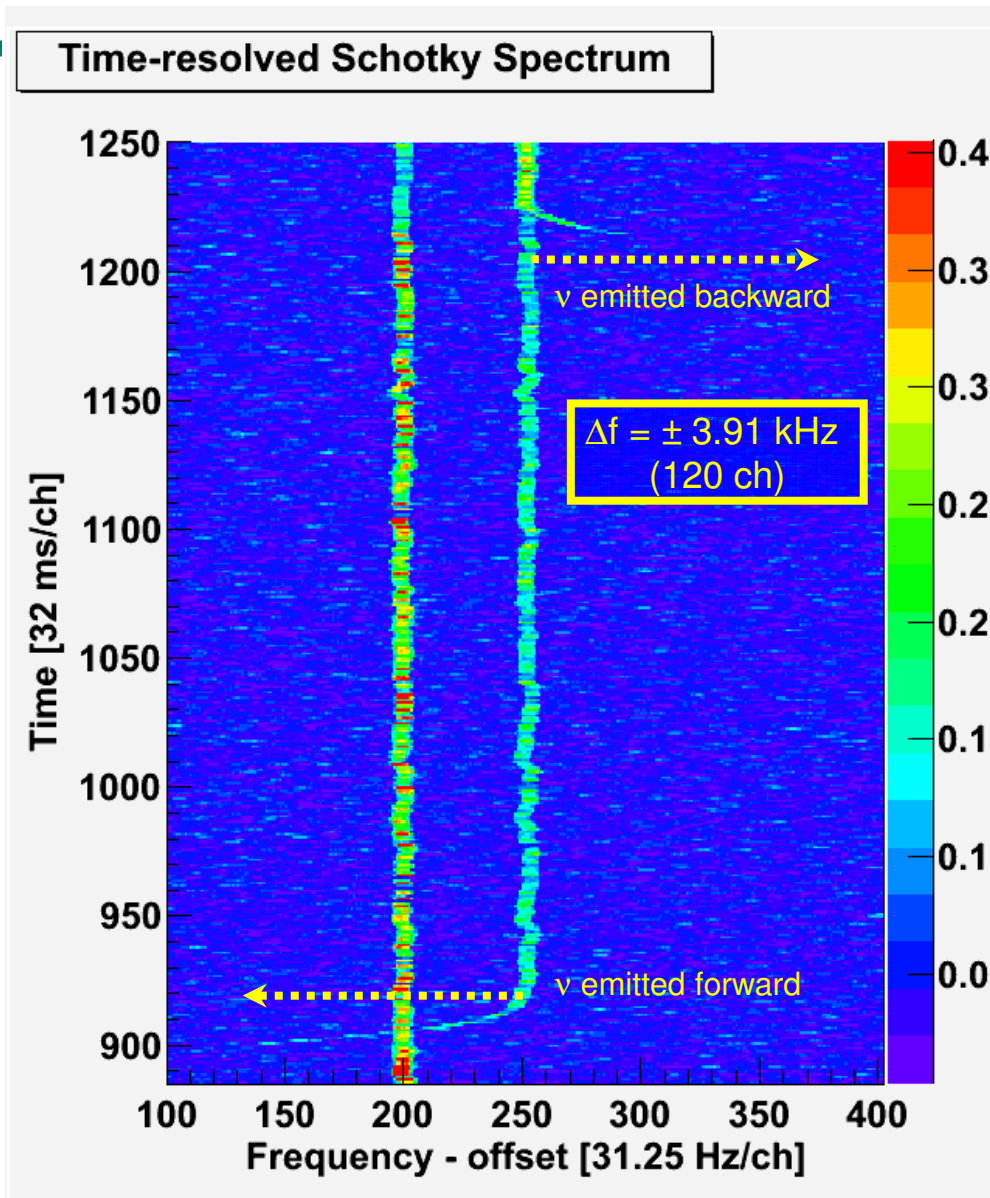
Old Schottky
pickup
(1992)
 30^{th}
harmonic



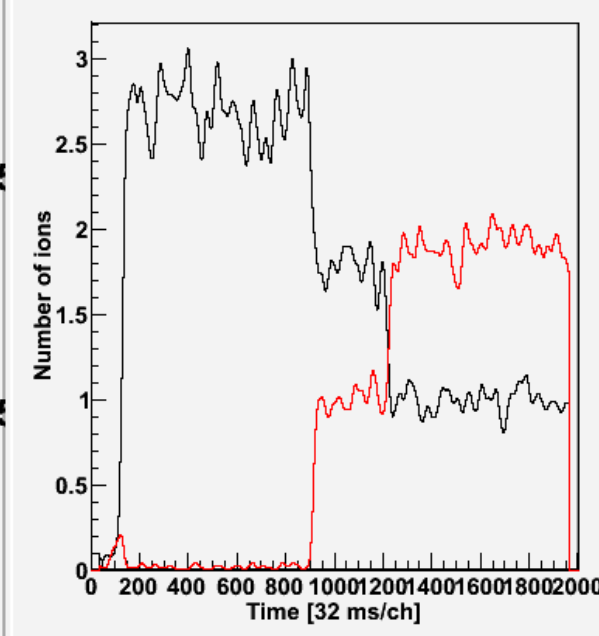


3 parent ions: 2 EC-decays

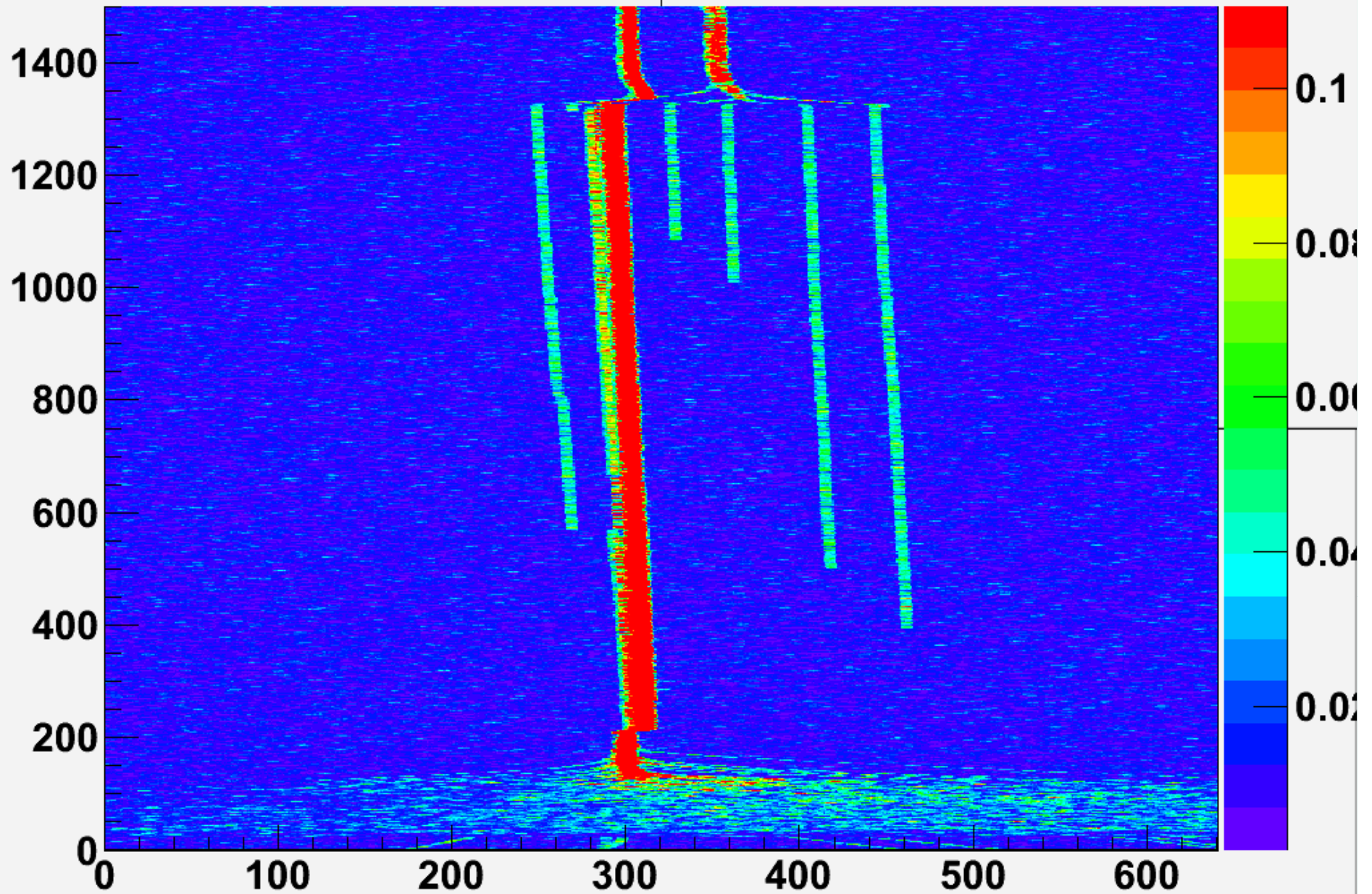
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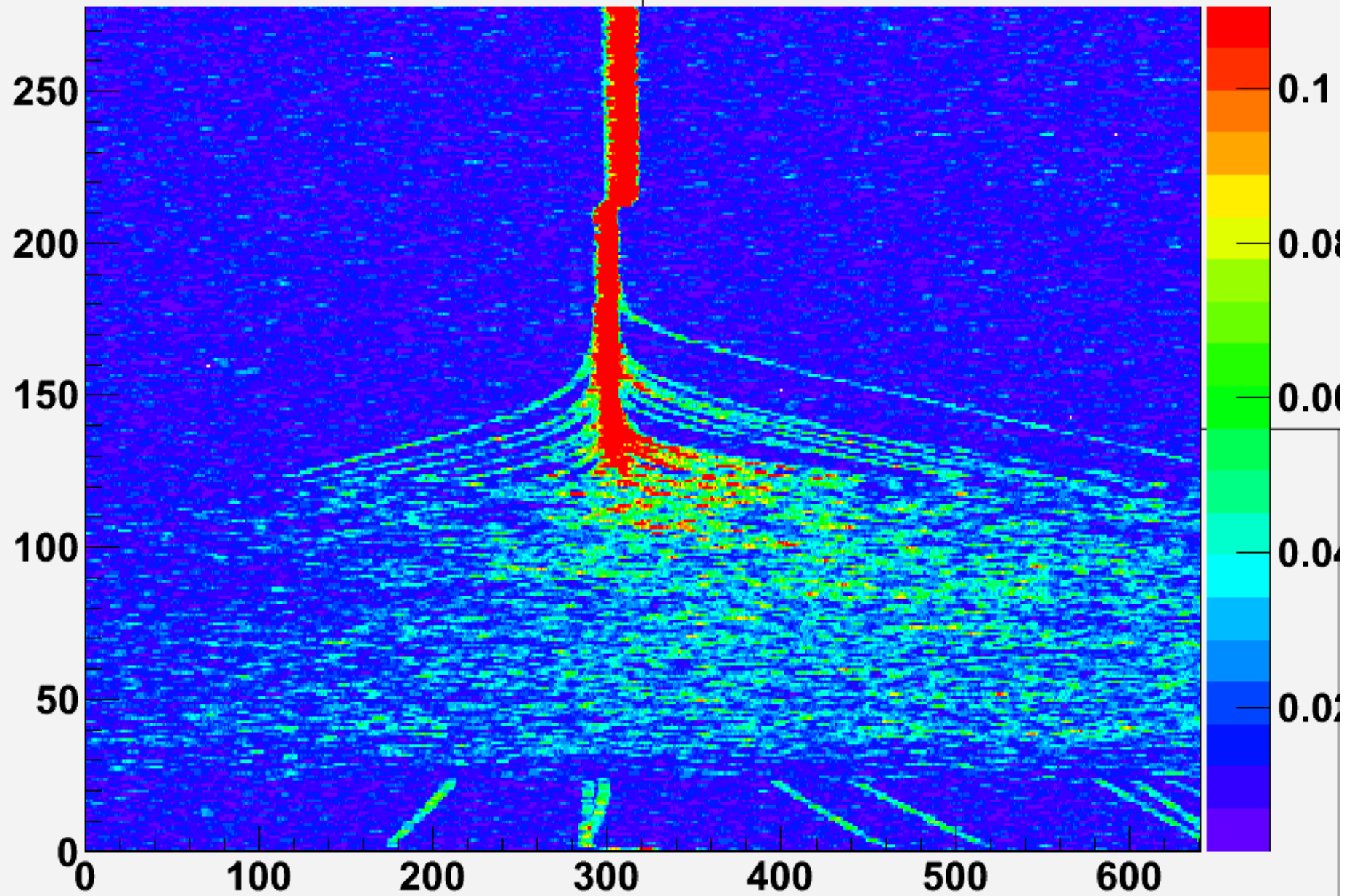
Number of parent and daughter ions



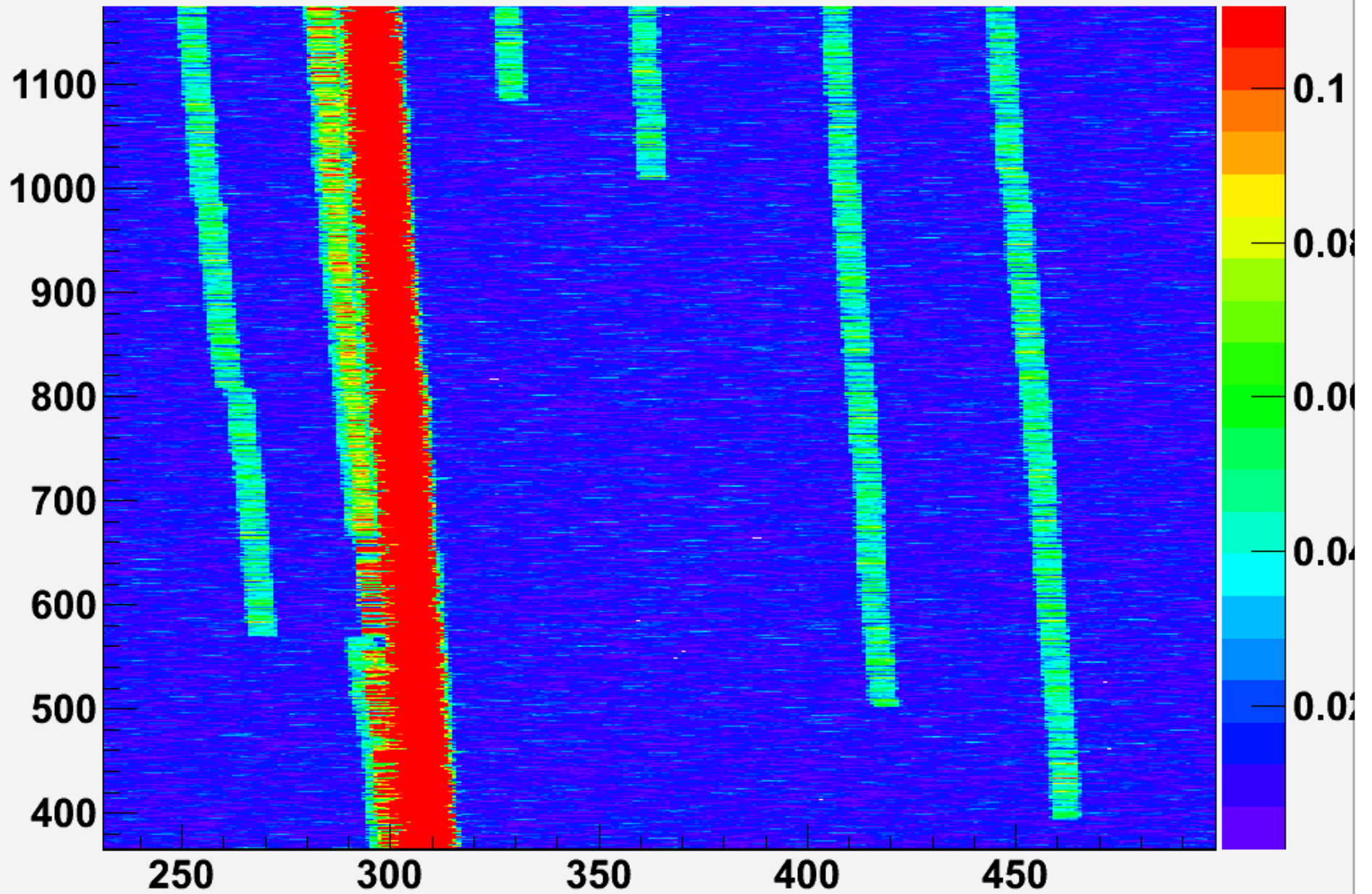
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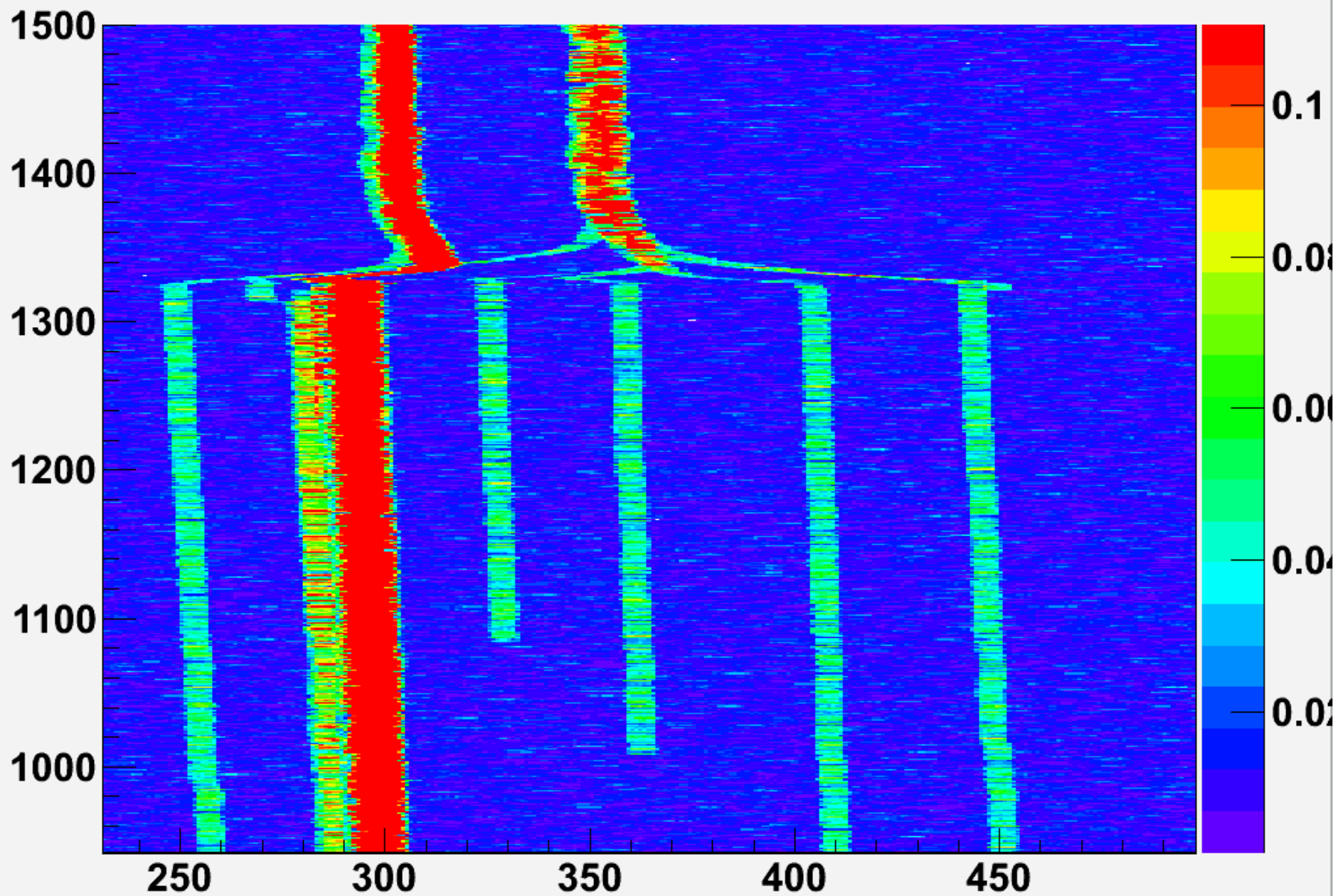
Schottky_Spectrum_20100601-074620-0135827547



Schottky_Spectrum_20100601-074620-0135827547



Schottky_Spectrum_20100601-074620-0135827547

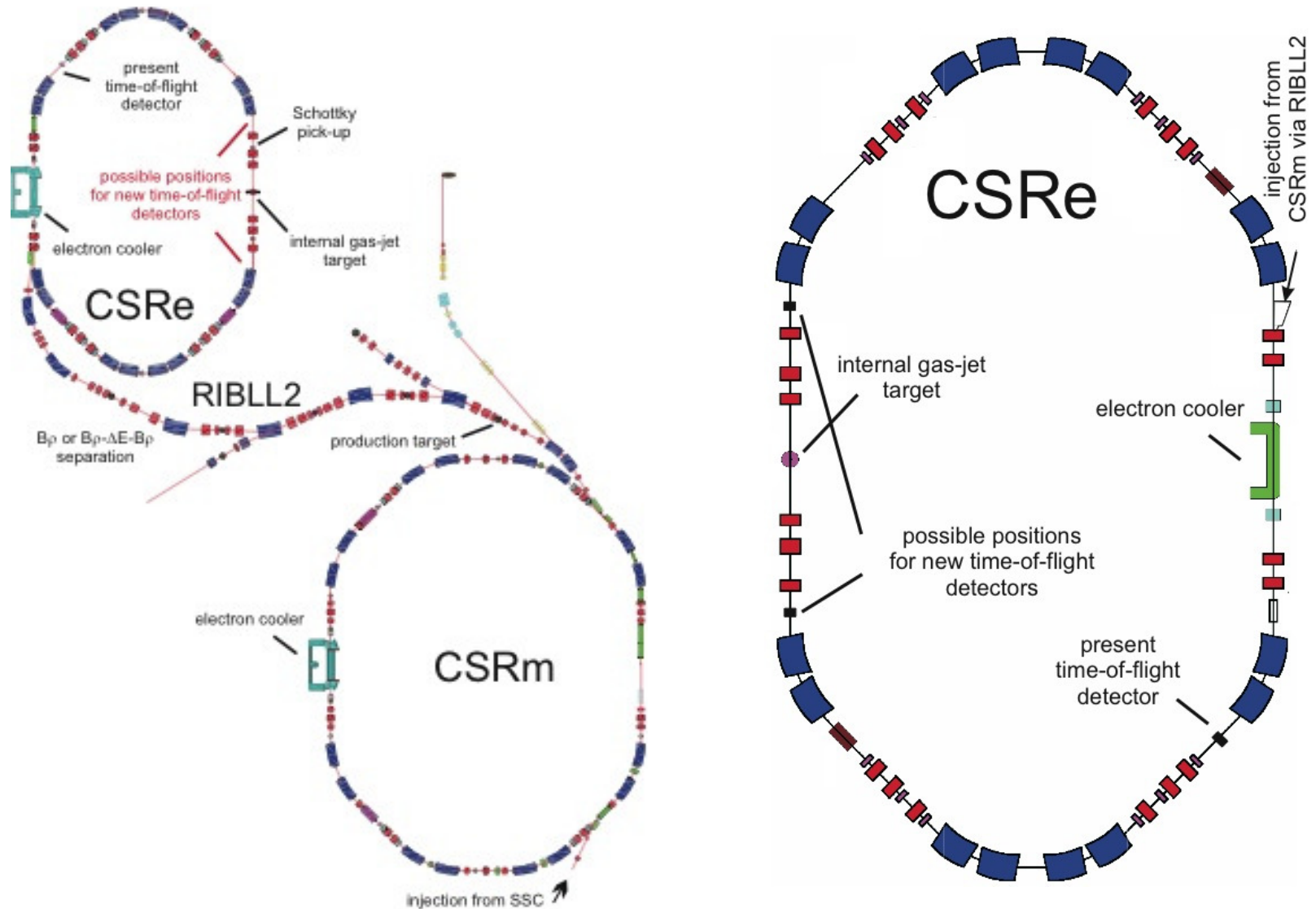






CSRm-CSRe Complex at IMP in Lanzhou

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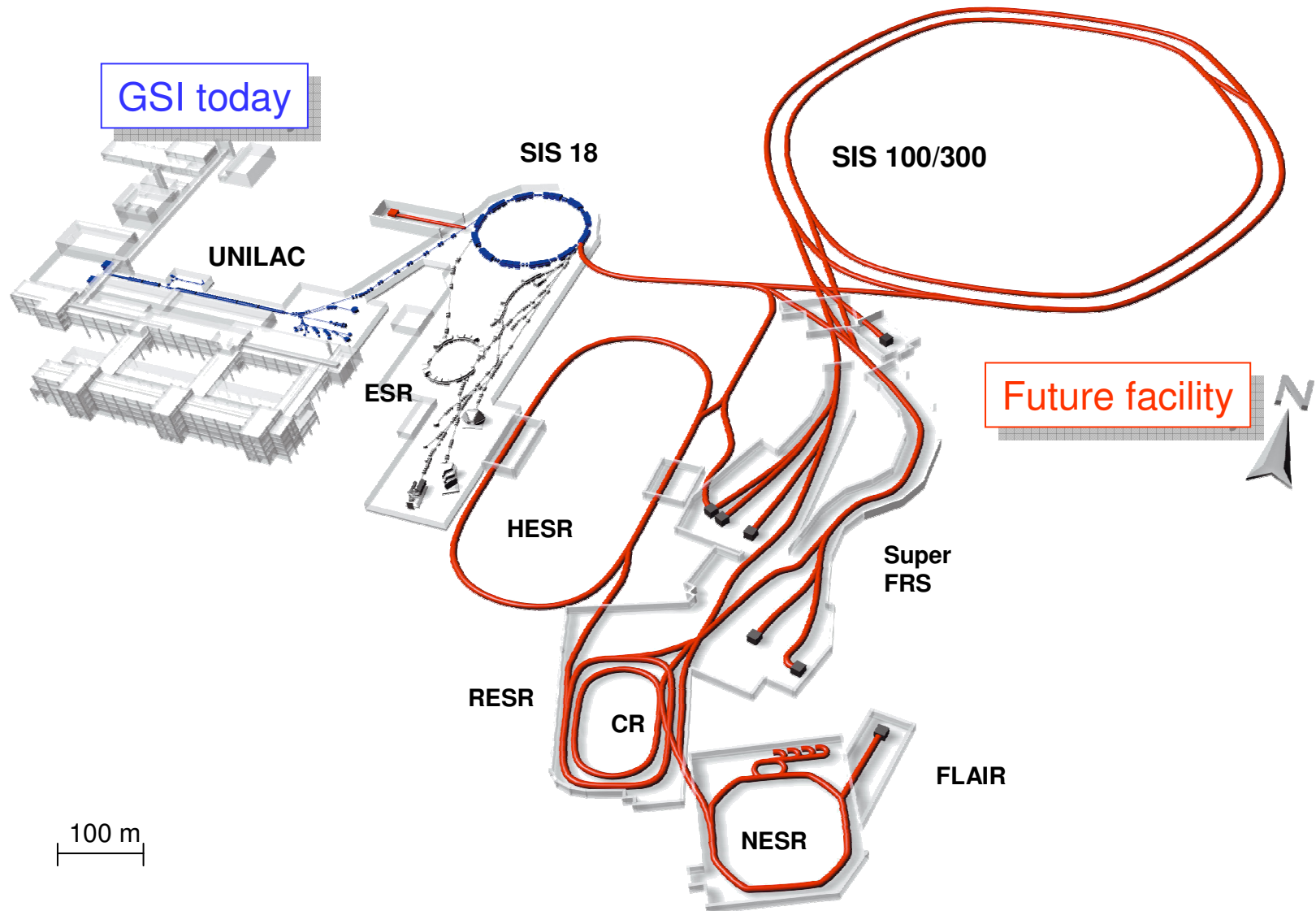


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FAIR - Facility for Antiproton and Ion Research

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MAX-PLANCK-GESAMTSCHAFT



ILIMA: Set-Up

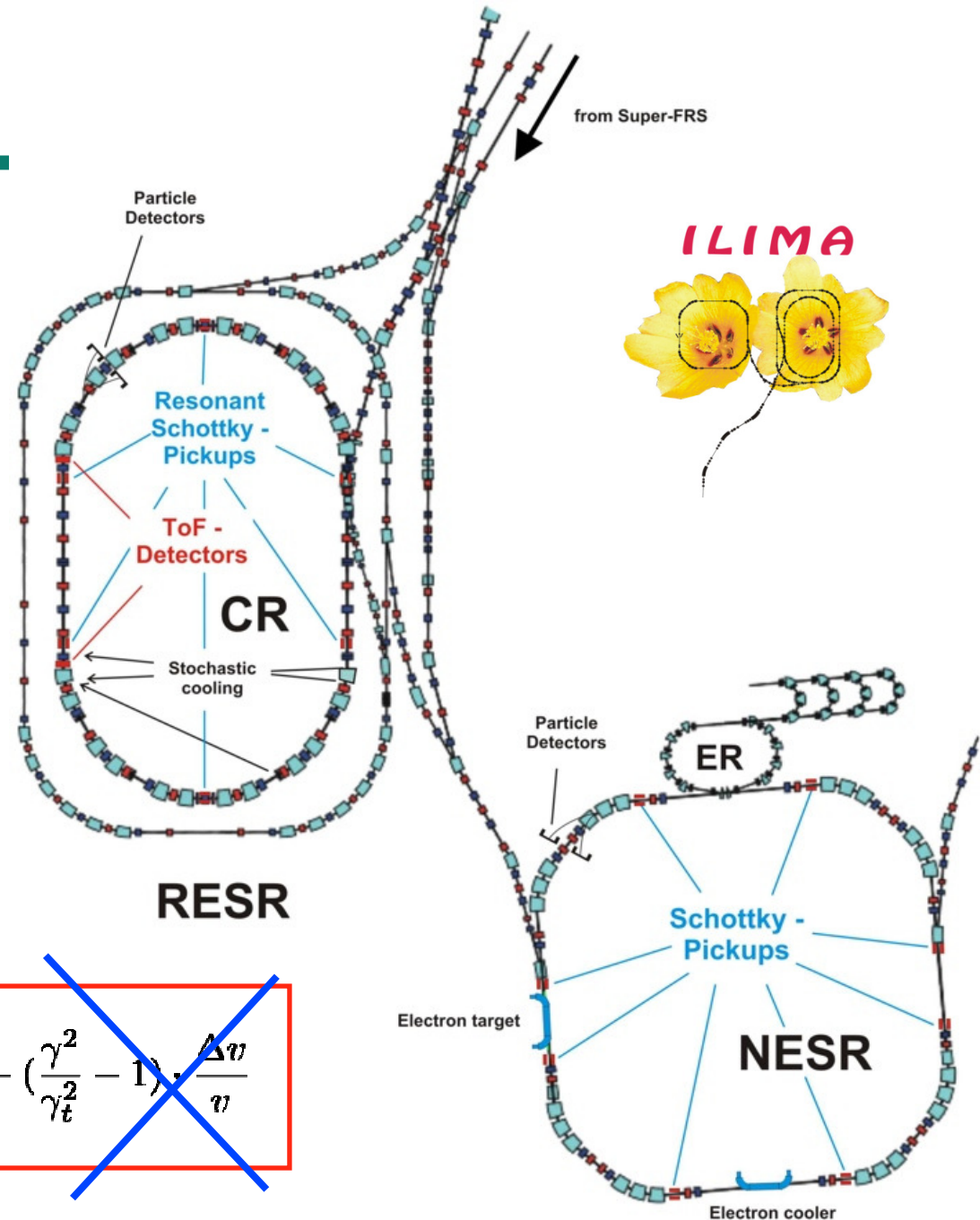
Isochronous Mass Spectrometry
in the CR

$$\gamma \rightarrow \gamma_t$$

Schottky Mass Spectrometry
in the CR & NESR

$$\frac{\Delta v}{v} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{\Delta t}{t} = -\frac{\Delta f}{f} = \frac{1}{\gamma_t^2} \cdot \frac{\Delta(m/q)}{m/q} + \left(\frac{\gamma^2}{\gamma_t^2} - 1\right) \cdot \frac{\Delta v}{v}$$





Experimental Collaboration

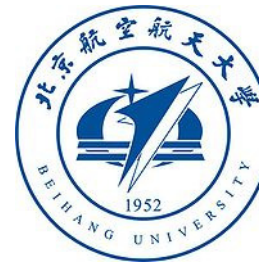
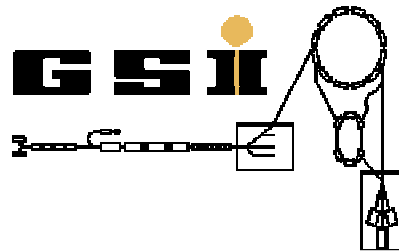
D. Atanasov, D. Balabanski, K. Blaum, F. Bosch, D. Boutin, C. Brandau, L. Chen, Ch. Dimopoulou, H. Essel, Th. Faestermann, H. Geissel, E. Haettner, M. Hausmann, S. Hess, V. Ivanova, P. Kienle, Ch. Kozhuharov, R. Knöbel, R. Krücken, J. Kurcewicz, S.A. Litvinov, Yu.A. Litvinov, X. Ma, L. Maier, M. Mazzocco, W. Meng, F. Montes, A. Musumarra, G. Münzenberg, C. Nociforo, F. Nolden, T. Ohtsubo, A. Ozawa, W.R. Plass, A. Prochazka, R. Reuschl, S. Sanjari, Ch. Scheidenberger, D. Shubina, U. Spillmann, M. Steck, Th. Stöhlker, B. Sun, T. Suzuki, S. Torilov, X. Tu, H. Weick, M. Winkler, N. Winckler, D. Winters, N. Winters, T. Yamaguchi, G. Zhang

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